



# AZZ Galvanizing Services

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# The Corrosion Problem



**25-30% could be eliminated if adequate corrosion protection systems were employed**



We Prote

# Guide Rail



# The Corrosion Problem



## Tour of the City





Way to Canada 1/4 mi  
Clark Ave 1  
Illinois Ave 1 3/4



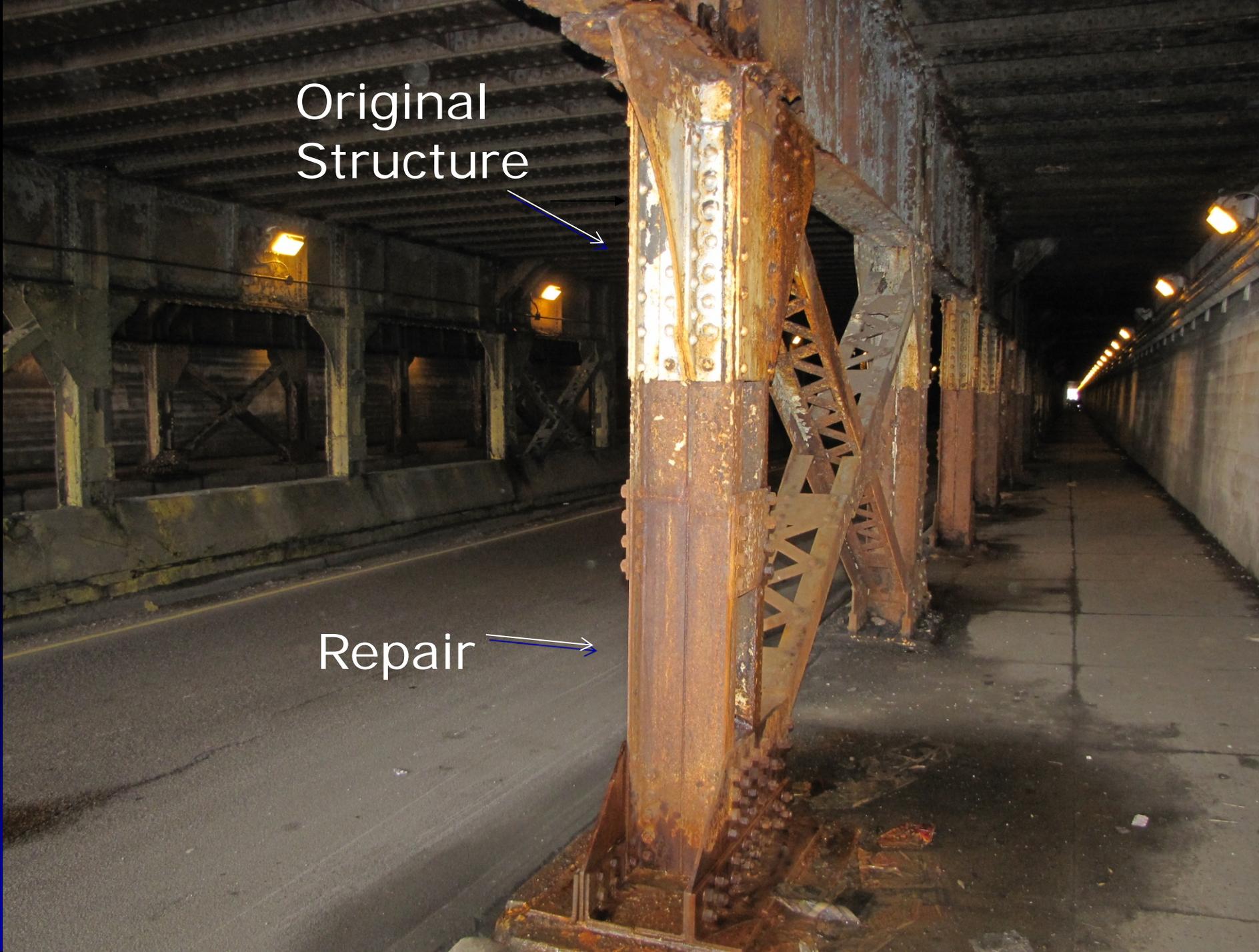




Original  
Structure



Repair







<b>Bridge No.:</b>	04745	<b>Inspected by:</b>	Mike Long
<b>Town:</b>	Norwich	<b>Inspected by:</b>	Mike Holdridge
<b>Feature Carried:</b>	Pleasant Street	<b>Date Inspected:</b>	09/11/2014
<b>Feature Crossed:</b>	Yantic River	<b>Project No.:</b>	



**Photo # 11:**  
West elevation. (Inlet)



**Photo # 12:**  
View upriver.

# Corrosion Protection

I69 over East 82<sup>nd</sup> Street,  
Castleton, IN



# I-69 Bridge





6.20 6.10 7.60  
8.90 7.70

7.60 8.00 5.70  
5.50 7.40

$\bar{X}=6.82$

7.60 7.70 6.70  
5.80 5.60

6.20 6.10 7.60  
8.90 7.70

7.50 7.50 6.60  
7.30 5.60

Beam 1

# New Galvanized Bridges in Chicago

- 35<sup>th</sup> Street & Dan Ryan 362 Tons
- 51 Street & Dan Ryan 349 Tons
- Douglas Lake Connection 1444 Tons
- 57<sup>th</sup> Street & Dan Ryan 346 Tons
- 67<sup>th</sup> Street & Dan Ryan 403 Tons
- Michigan Ave over I-94 234 Tons
- 91<sup>st</sup> Street & Dan Ryan 234 Tons
- 26<sup>th</sup> Street & Dan Ryan 194 Tons

CTA , IL Toll Road, IDOT &  
Counties

Over 72 Million Pounds of  
Bridges were Galvanized in  
Illinois in last 5 years.



# Tappen Zee Bridge



# Tappen Zee Bridge



# Law of Entropy

- Tendency for metal, after production and shaping, to revert back to its lower, more natural energy state or ore

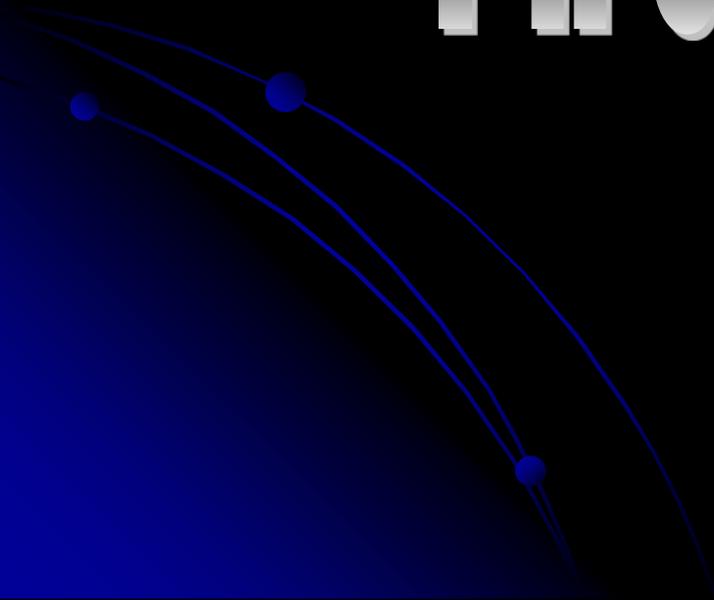


# Definition of Corrosion

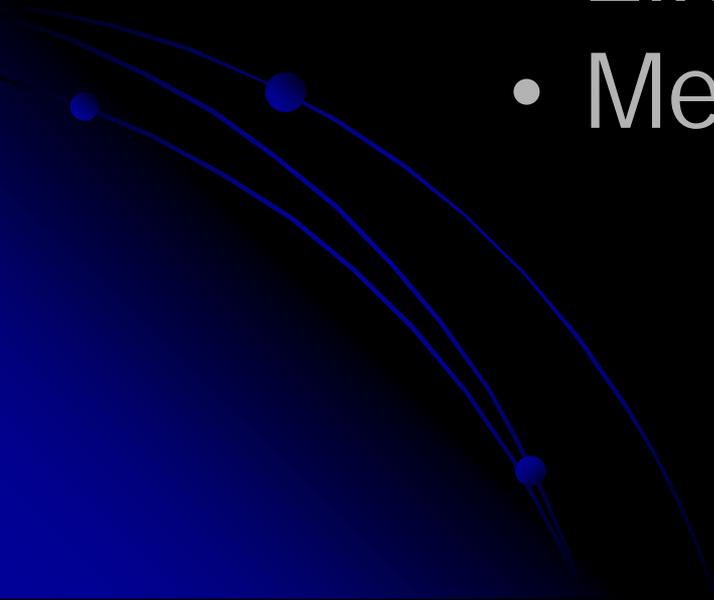
- *Corrosion (n)*: the chemical or electrochemical reaction between a material and its environment that produces a deterioration of the material and its properties



# The Solution



# Long-Lasting Zinc Protection

- Barrier
  - Cathodic
  - Zinc Patina
  - Metallurgical Bond
- 



# Barrier Protection

# Cathodic Protection

# Zinc



# Galvanic Series of Metals

**ZINC = ANODE**

**STEEL = CATHODE**



**This arrangement of metals determines what metal will be the anode and cathode when the two are put in a electrolytic cell (arrangement dependent on salt water as electrolyte).**

# Zinc Patina

**Zinc Carbonate**

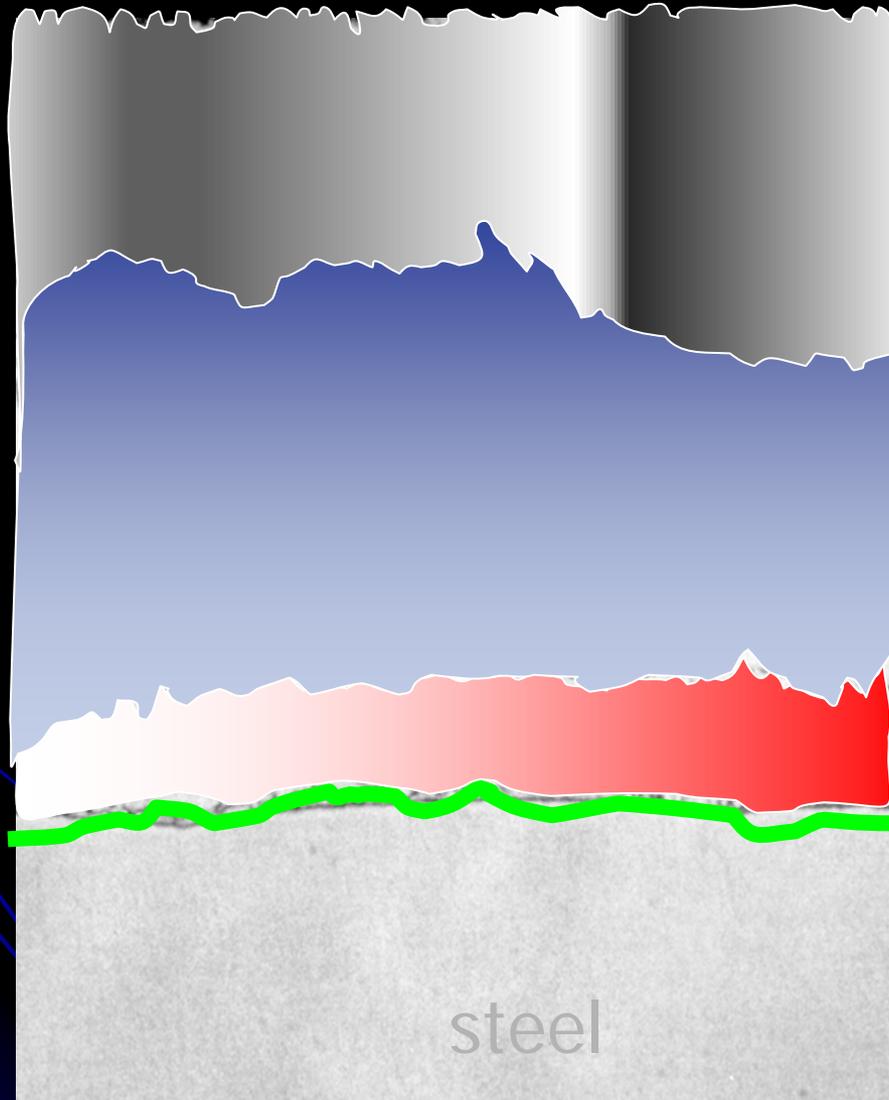
**Zinc Hydroxide**

**Zinc Oxide**

**Zinc**

# Metallurgical Bond

**Eta**  
**Zeta**  
**Delta**  
**Gamma**



100%

Zinc

94% Zinc

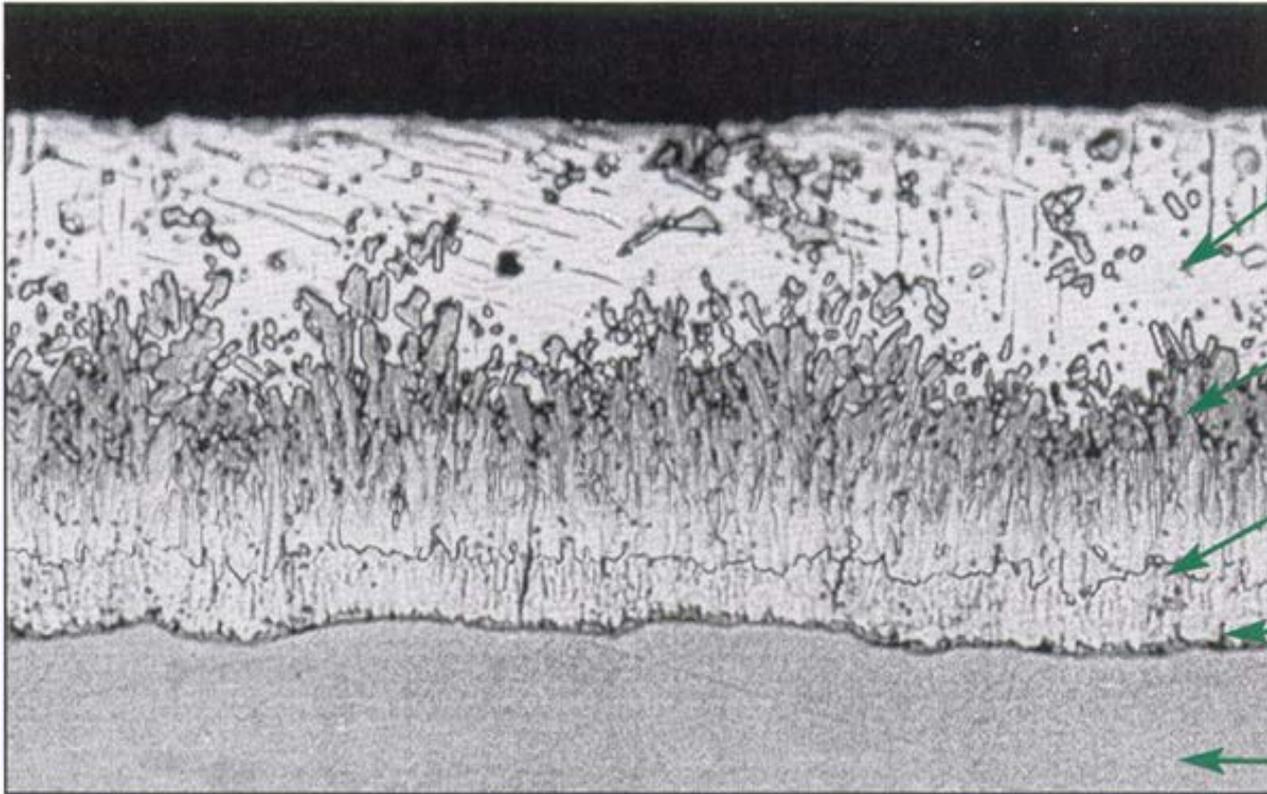
6% Iron

90% Zinc

10% Iron

75% Zinc

25% Iron



**Eta**

(100% Zn)

70 DPN Hardness

**Zeta**

(94% Zn 6% Fe)

179 DPN Hardness

**Delta**

(90% Zn 10% Fe)

244 DPN Hardness

**Gamma**

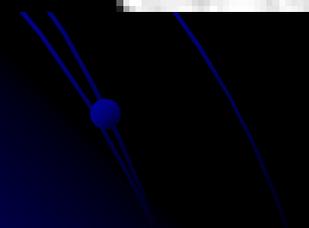
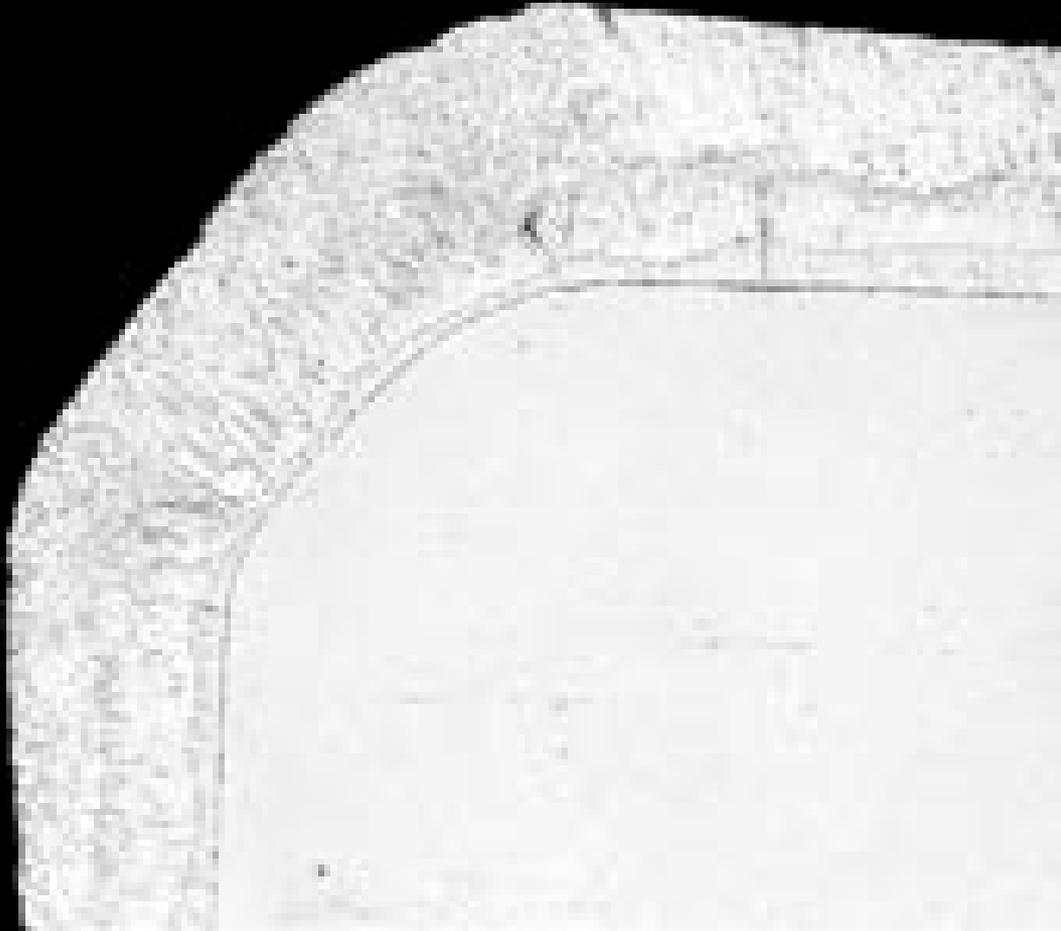
(75% Zn 25% Fe)

250 DPN Hardness

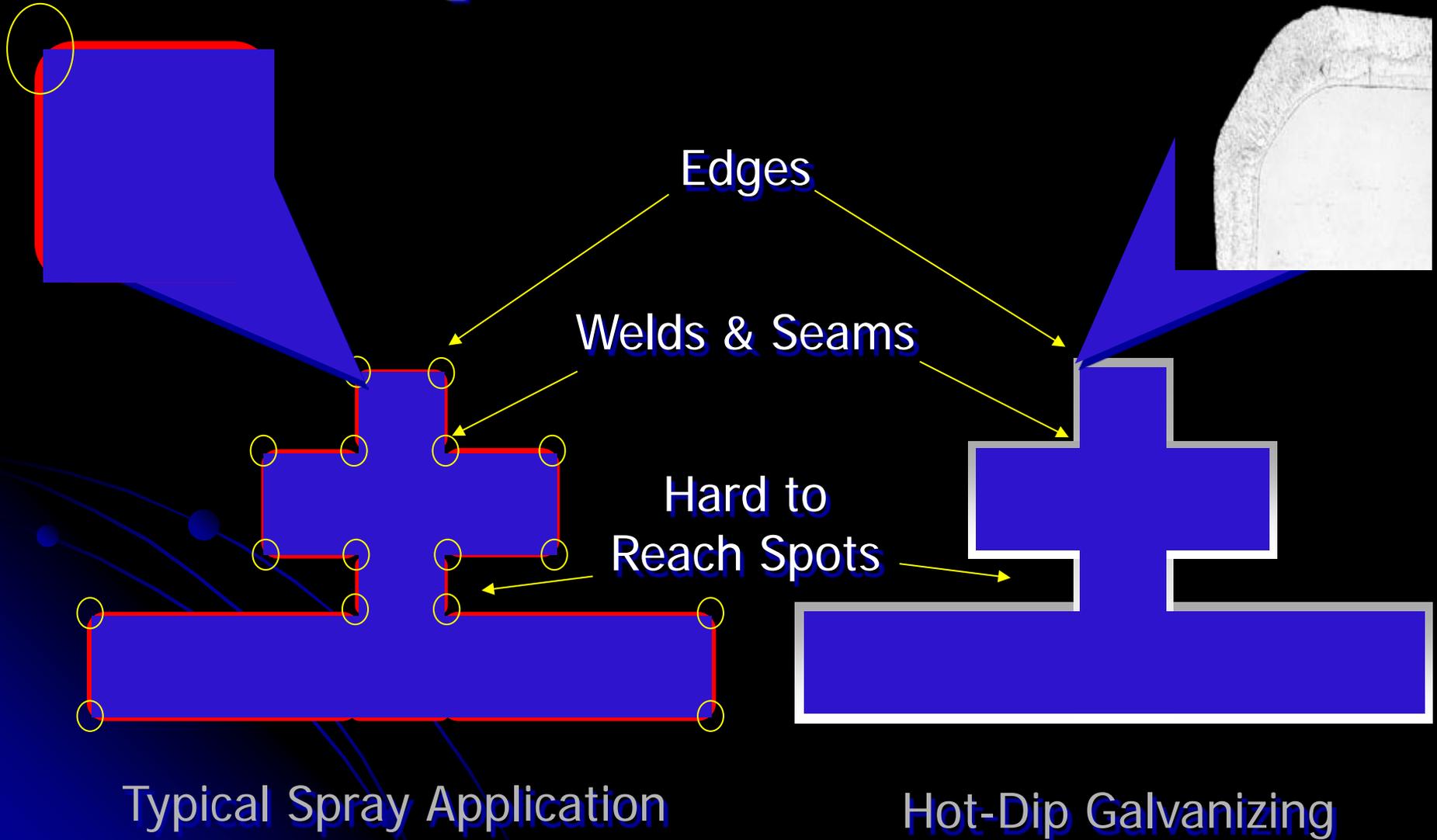
**Base Steel**

159 DPN Hardness

# Edge Protection



# Complete Protection



# Galvanizing Process



# HDG Process: Surface Preparation

- Thorough cleaning is necessary as zinc will only adhere to clean steel
  - **Degreasing** – removes dirt, oils, organic residue



**Degreasing  
Tank**

# HDG Process: Surface Preparation

- Thorough cleaning is necessary as zinc will only adhere to clean steel
  - **Degreasing** – removes dirt, oils, organic residue
  - **Pickling** – Removes mill scale and oxides



**Pickling Tank**

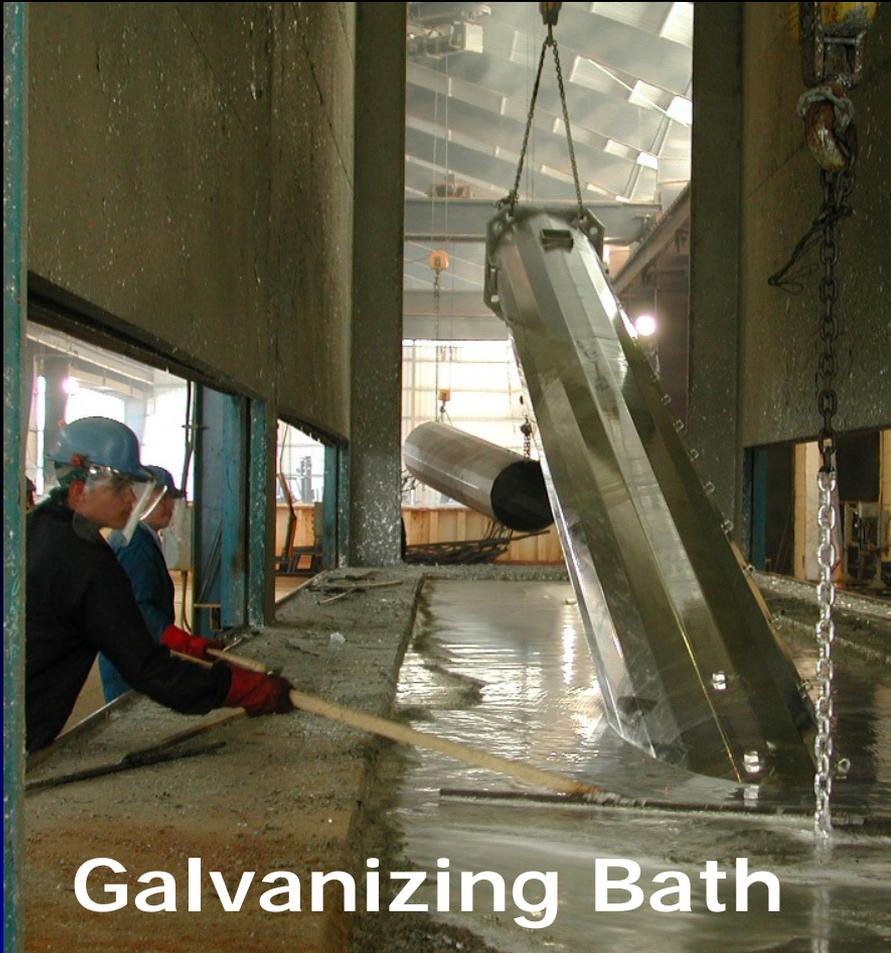
# HDG Process: Surface Preparation

- Thorough cleaning is necessary as zinc will only adhere to clean steel
  - **Degreasing** – removes dirt, oils, organic residue
  - **Pickling** – Removes mill scale and oxides
  - **Fluxing** – Mild cleaning, provides protective layer



## Flux Tank

# HDG Process: Galvanizing



**Galvanizing Bath**

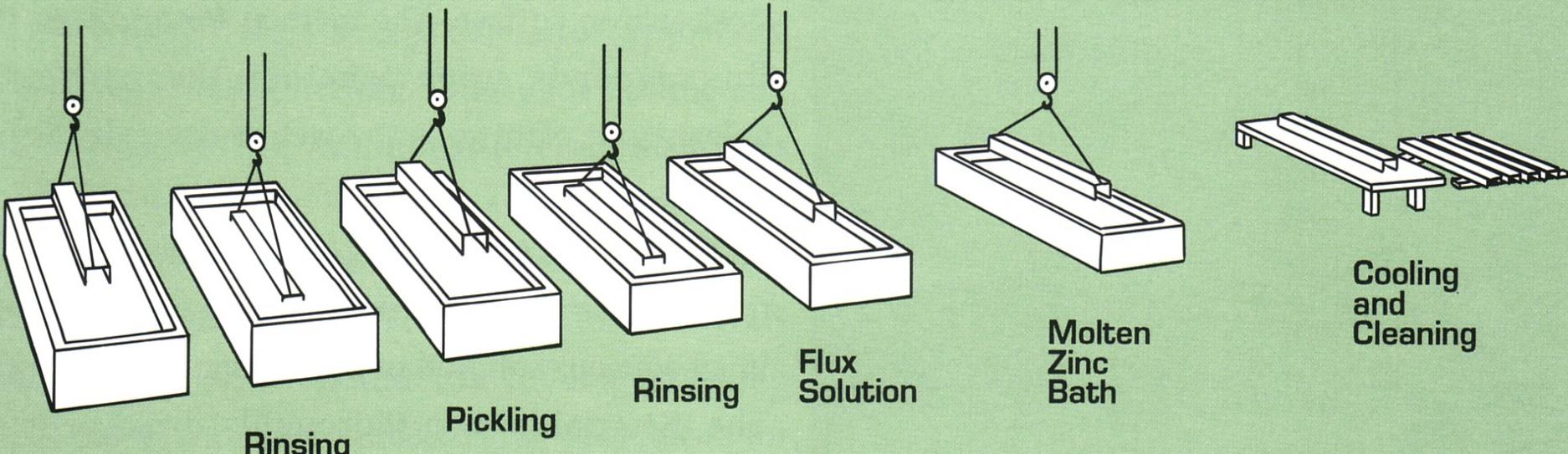
- Steel immersed in bath of molten zinc (~830 F)
- > 98% pure zinc, up to 2% additives (Al, Bi, Ni)
- Zinc reacts with iron in steel to form coating
- Reaction is complete when steel reaches bath temperature



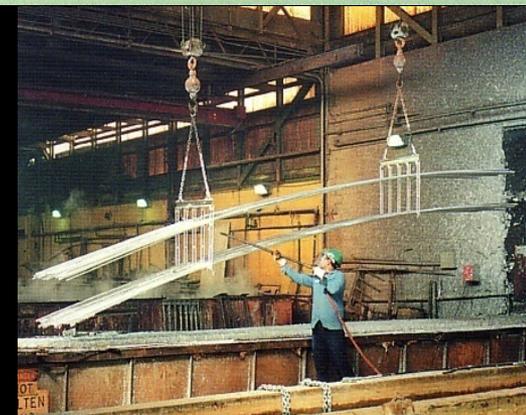
## Surface Preparation

## Galvanizing

## Inspection



# Hot Dip (Dry) Galvanizing



# HDG Process: Inspection



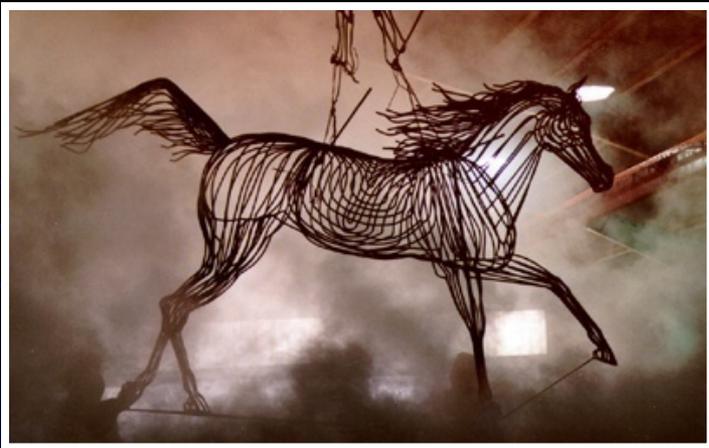
- Steel is inspected after galvanizing to verify conformance to specs
- Visual inspection to identify any surface defects
- Magnetic thickness gauge to check coating thickness

104221234

10422x40

2858911

# Various Sizes & Shapes



# It's Recyclable



# Sustainability: Galvanizing is Green

- Zinc and steel are 100% recyclable
  - Properties of zinc (and steel) do not degrade with reprocessing
  - Zinc is a natural element in the Earth's crust
  - Recycled content contributes to LEED
- Galvanizing's maintenance-free durability ensures no additional energy, materials, or emissions during use



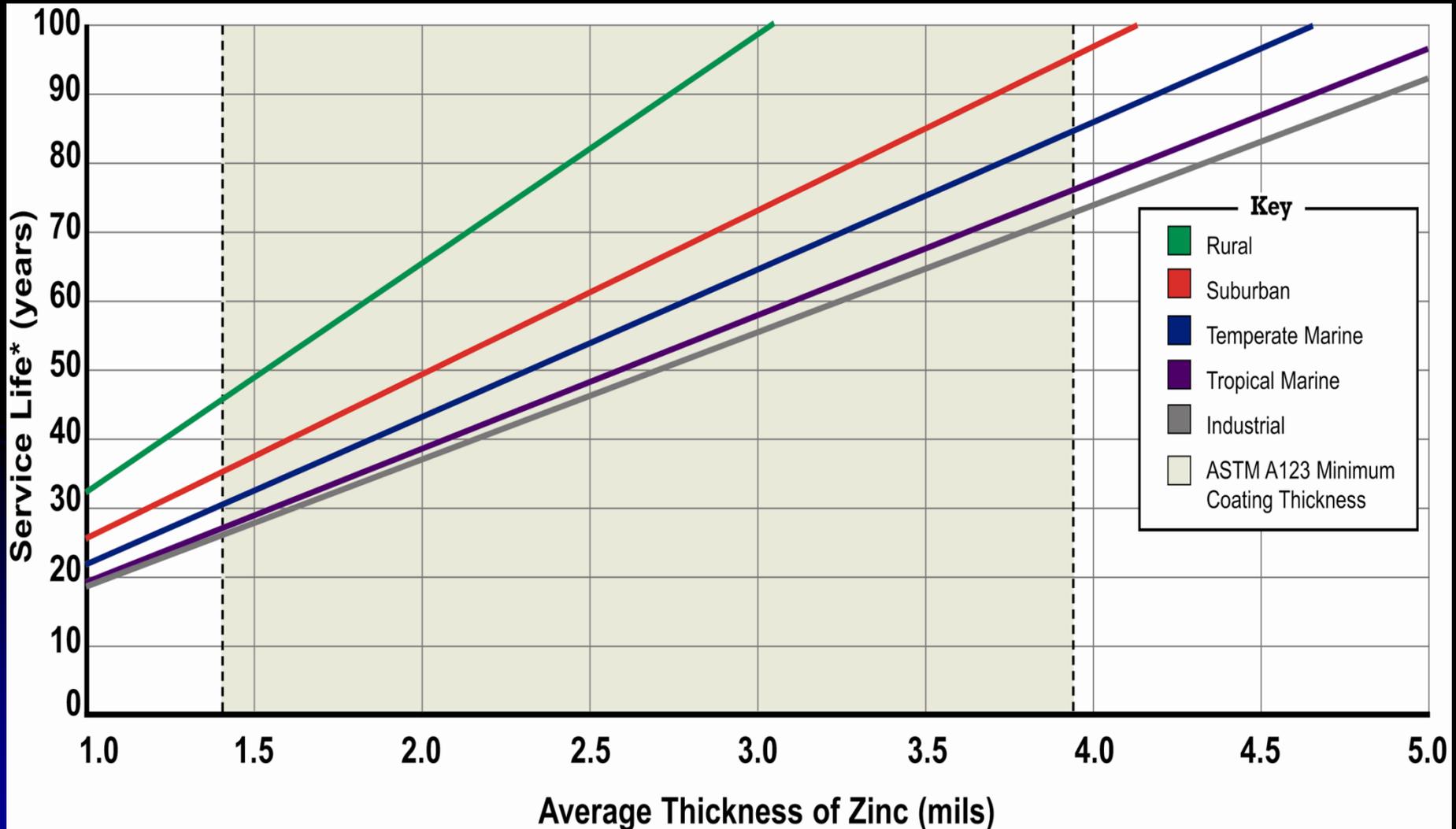


No Volatile Organic Compound's

# Zinc Coating Life Predictor

- Anticipates service life
  - Program performs calculations
    - Statistical methods
    - Neural network technology
    - Worldwide corrosion database
  - Atmospheric categories
    - Rural
    - Suburban
    - Temperate marine
    - Tropical marine
    - Industrial
- 

# Estimated Service Life of HDG



\*Service life is defined as the time to 5% rusting of the steel surface. 1 mil = 25.4 $\mu$ m = 0.56oz/ft<sup>2</sup>

6.20 6.10 7.60  
8.90 7.70

7.60 8.00 5.70  
5.50 7.40

$\bar{X}=6.82$

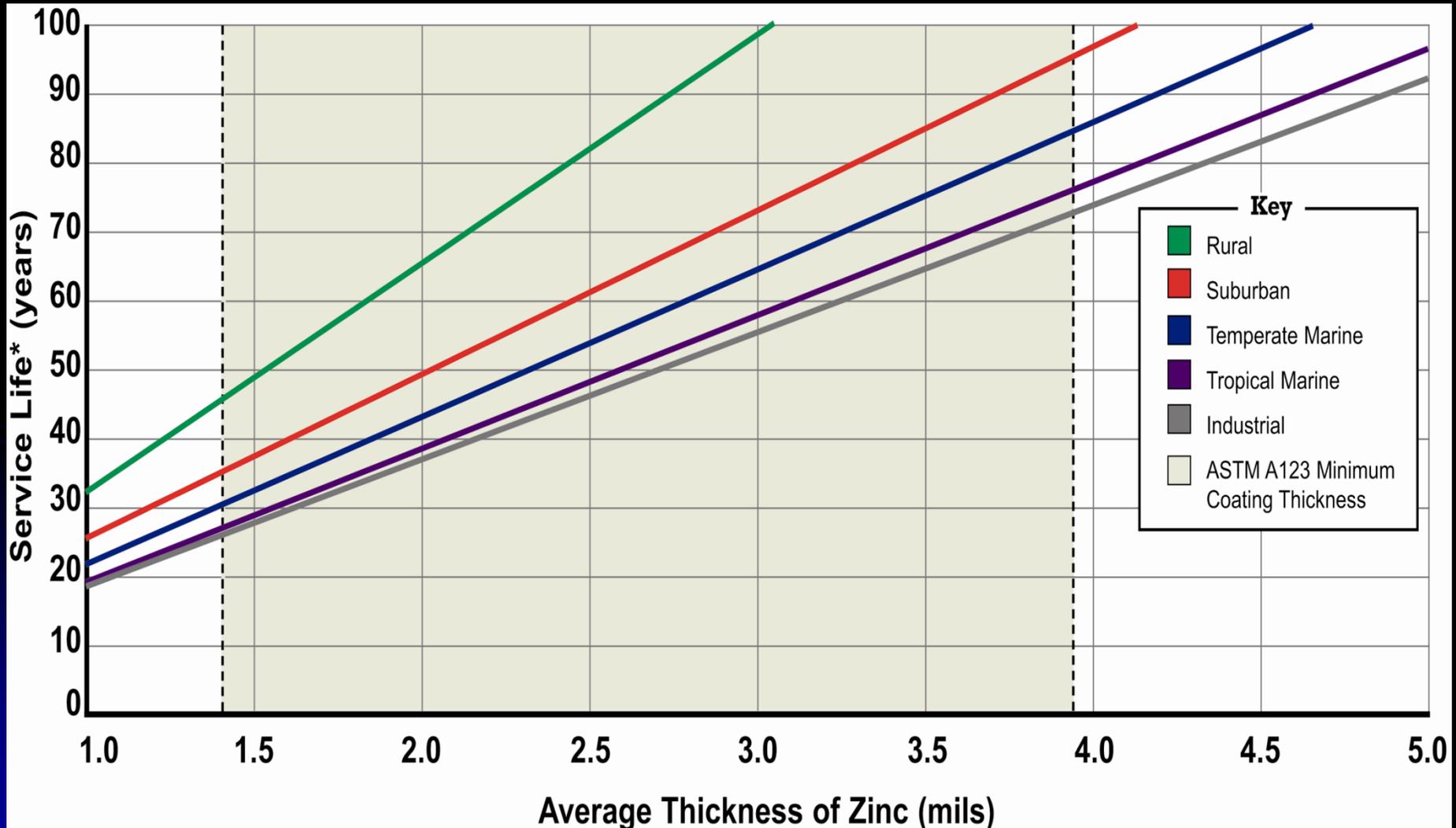
7.60 7.70 6.70  
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# Beam 1

# Estimated Service Life of HDG



\*Service life is defined as the time to 5% rusting of the steel surface. 1 mil = 25.4 $\mu$ m = 0.56oz/ft<sup>2</sup>

# Metallurgical Bond

Eta

100% Zinc

Zeta

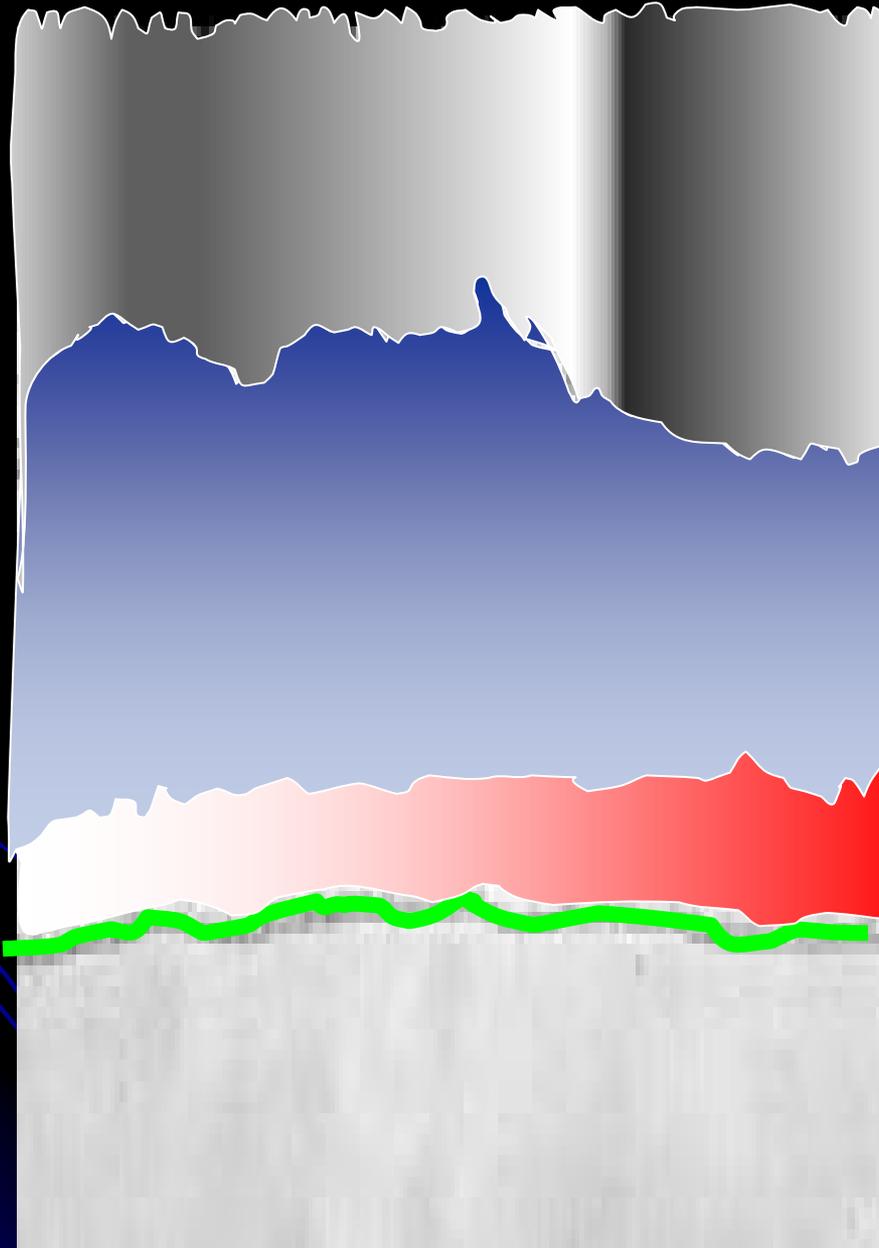
94% Zinc  
6% Iron

Delta

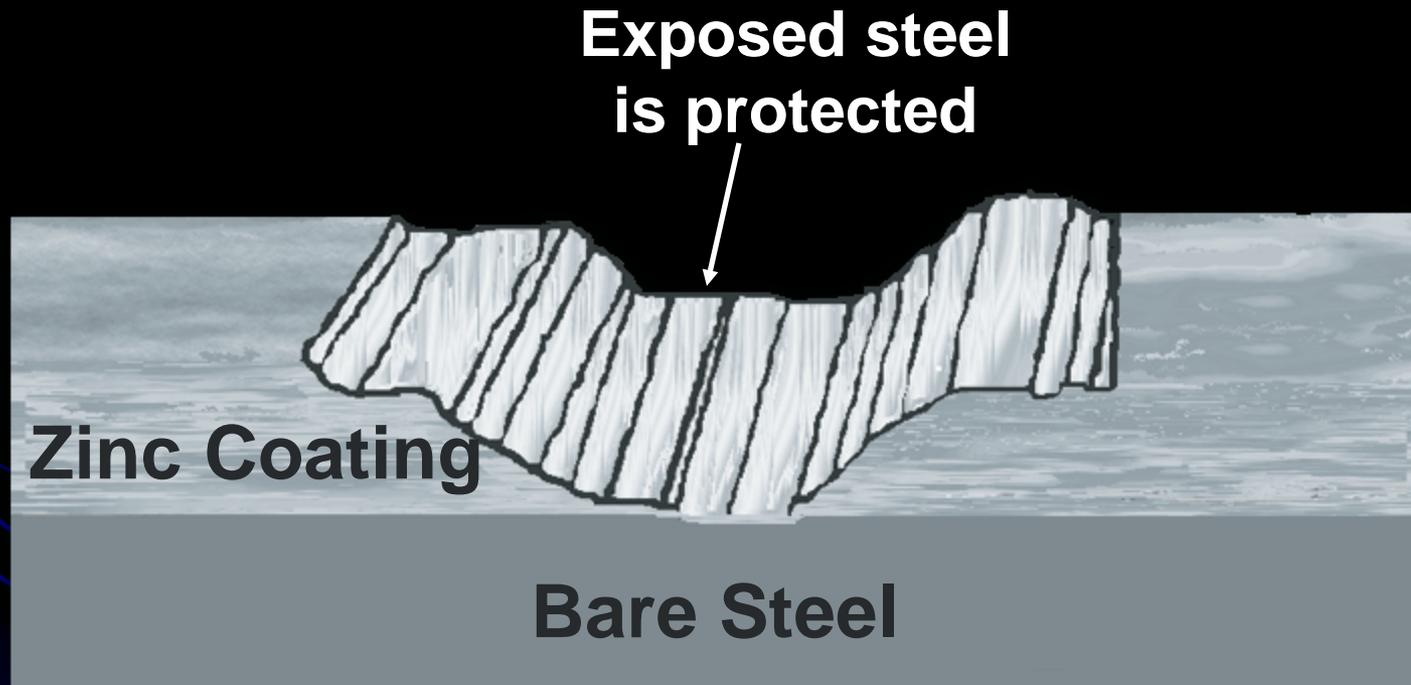
90% Zinc  
10% Iron

Gamma

75% Zinc  
25% Iron



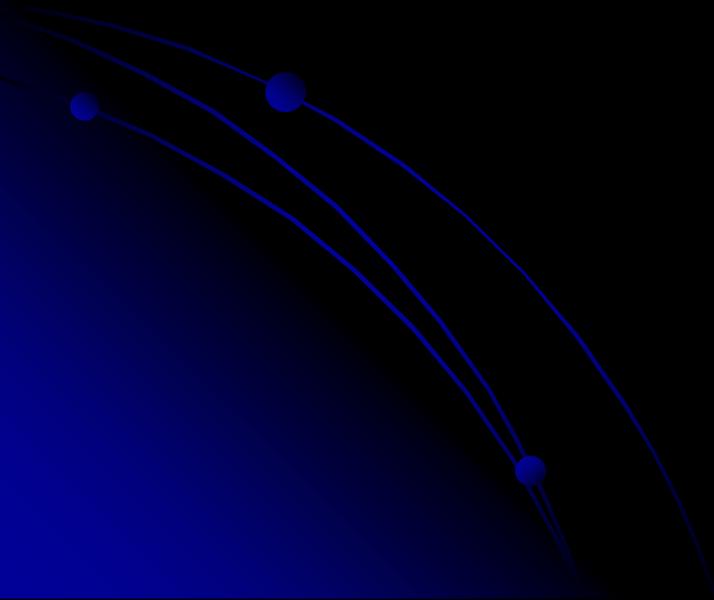
# Cathodic Protection: Sacrificial Zinc



**Even damaged areas of the coating will be  
cathodically protected by surrounding zinc**

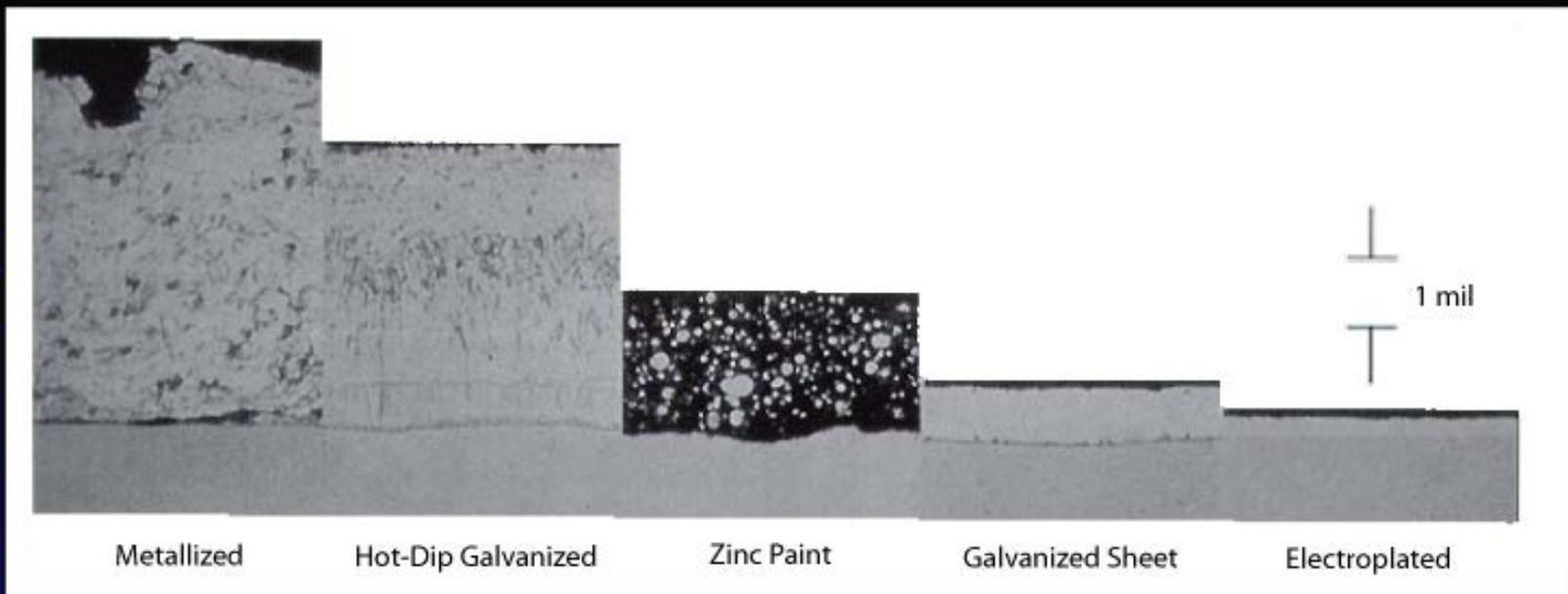
We Protect More Than Steel

# Other Zinc Coatings for Corrosion Protection



We Protect More Than Steel

# Zinc Coatings Comparison

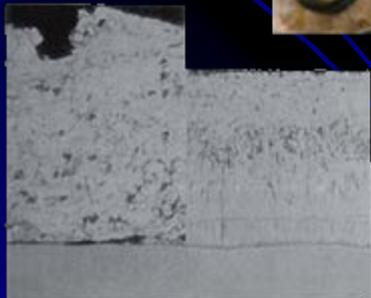


We Protect More Than Steel

# Metallizing



- Zinc wire or powder melted and sprayed onto the surface
- Shop or field application
- 85% as dense as HDG
- Mechanical bond and no alloy layers



Metallized

Hot Dip Galvanized

We Protect More Than Steel

# What is Thermal Spray?

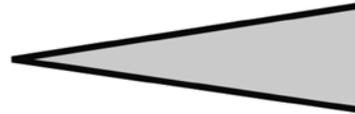
## Thermal Spraying



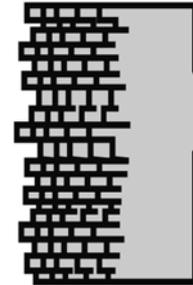
Feedstock



Heated



Atomized &  
Propelled



To Form Laminar  
TSC on Prepared  
Substrate

# Twin Wire Arc Process Description

Electrically Charged Wires, one Positive and the other Negative

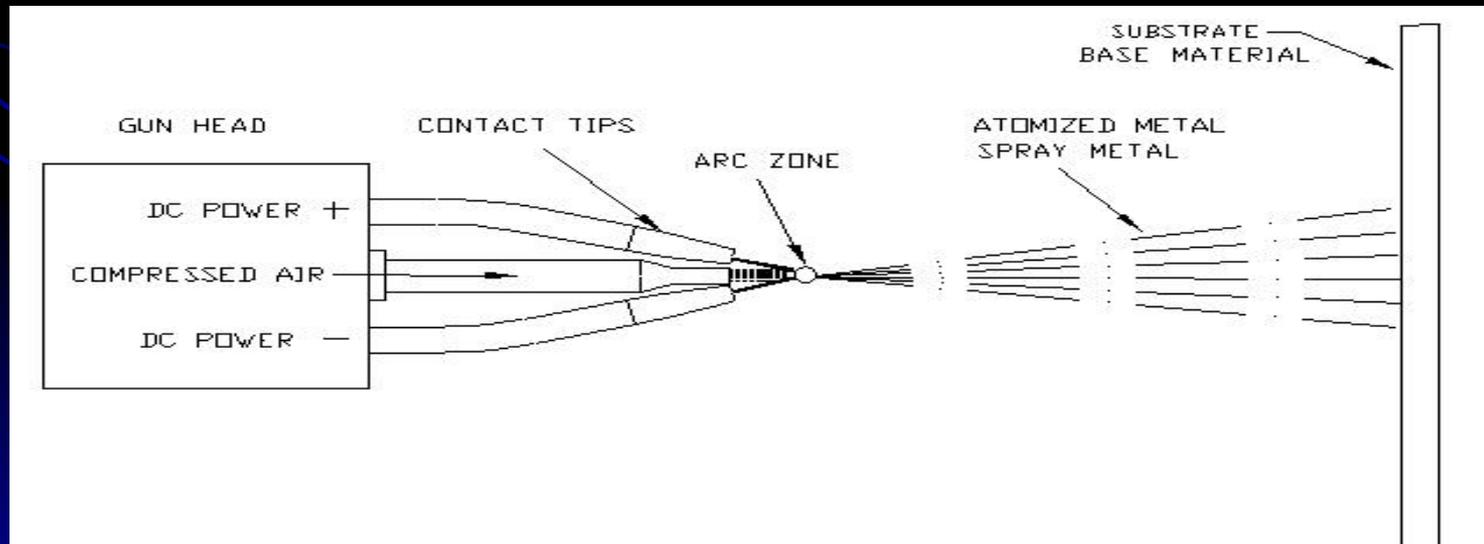
**Charged Wires Meet at the Gun Head and Create an Arc**

**Molten Metal Propelled to Substrate with Compressed Air**

**Molten Metal Solidifies in flight /Rapidly Cools on Contact with Substrate to Form Protective Sacrificial Coating**

**Substrate Heating Minimal (Thin Coating, Thick Substrate)**

**No Cooling or Curing of Coating Required (Ready for Immediate Service)**







# TSC Applied to Girders for Atmospheric Service



# Thermal-Spray Coated Cross Frames



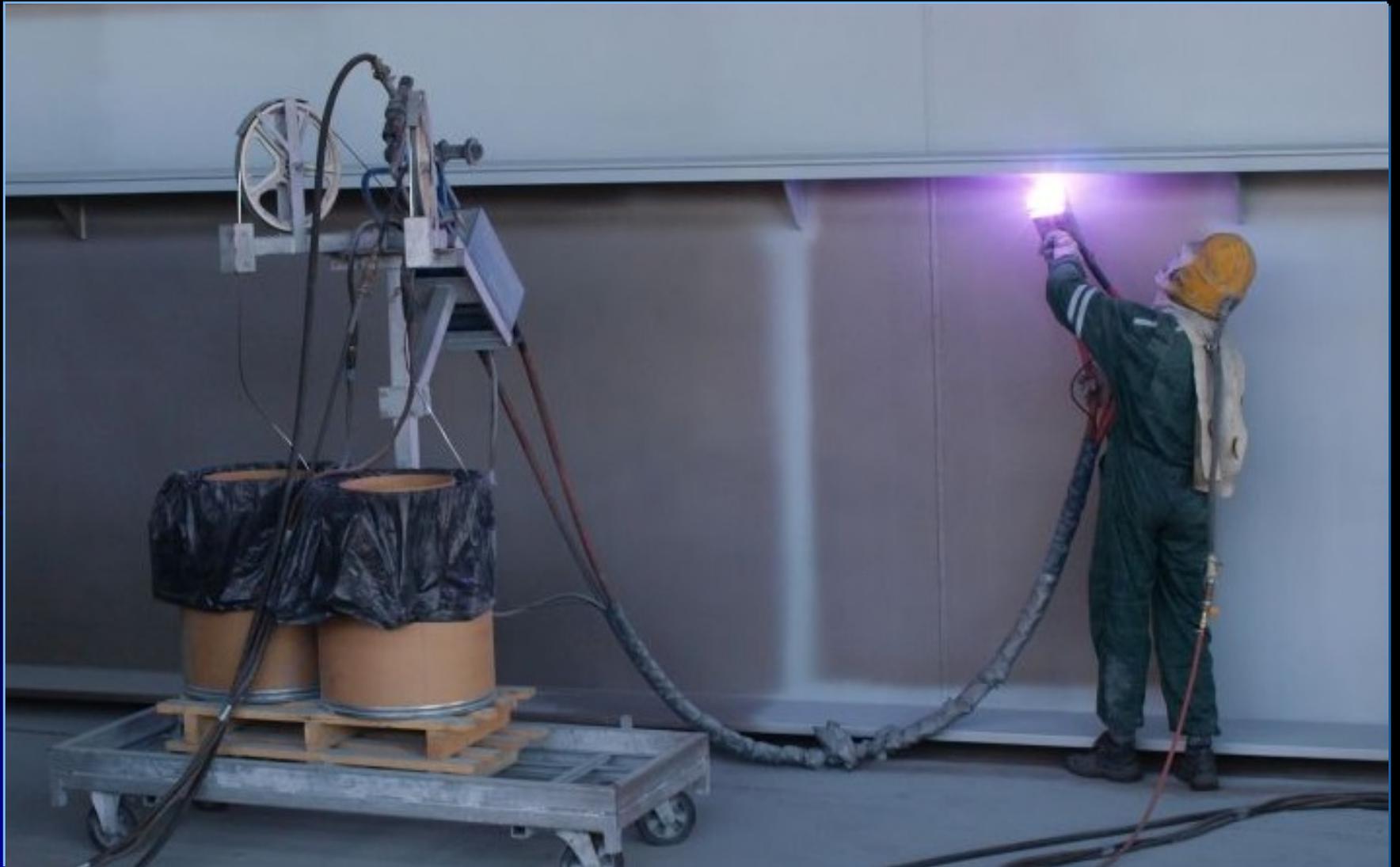
InSpec

# Surface Prep

(Coating Adheres thru a Pure Mechanical Nature)

- SP 5/ SP 10, White Metal or Near White Metal Blast
- Anchor Profile is needed –Min. 3mils
- No Contaminants Present
- Sharp Angular Grit, No Round Shot
- Garnet, Kleen Blast, Green Diamond, Aluminum Oxide to name a few

b



# Thomas Mathis Bridge by New Jersey DOT



# Ridge Avenue Bridge in Philadelphia

## Ridge Avenue Bridge

After 58 Years, the Zinc Keeps On Working

## METALLIZED IN THE 1930'S.....

The Ridge Avenue Overhead Bridge was constructed in 1916 by the Phoenix Bridge Company for the Philadelphia Railroad. In 1937, the underside of the bridge was blasted to white metal and then metallized with 10 to 12 mils of pure zinc to create a galvanic zinc anode system to protect against corrosion.

It was believed that the bridge was dismantled in the early 1990s. To our surprise, we found that the bridge was still standing, in constant service and in about the same condition that we chronicled in 1987. The zinc coating is still visible on the underside.



Ridge Avenue Railroad Bridge

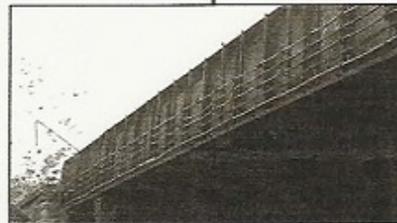


Applicators on Ridge Avenue Mid 1930's

The location of this railroad bridge is a highly industrialized part of Philadelphia, making the environment extremely corrosive. When a zinc coating is applied to a properly prepared steel substrate, the design life of the structure is extended. The expected life of a zinc coating is normally 25-50 yrs. depending on the environment, mill thickness, topcoat and quality of the application.



Cleaning in 1987



Visit in 1995

In 1987, a portion of the underside was cleaned, exposing the original zinc coating (the lighter streak shown in pictures). It was discovered that a significant amount of zinc remained, continuing to protect the steel.

The Ridge Avenue Bridge is a structure that is *not* aesthetically pleasing - not the type of structure one would use as the hallmark for a coating system. However, there are few systems that protect a steel structure for 58 (and counting) years for \$.005 per square foot per year.

# Memorial Bridge



# “Worlds First” Cold-Bent Curved Truss Flange



# Rt 30 over I-80

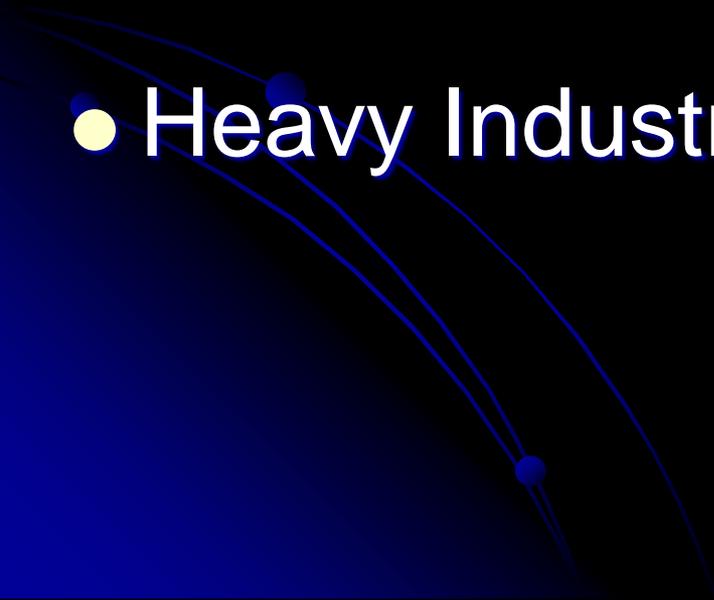




# Whittier Bridge



# Metallizing Service Life

- Rural **33 years**
  - Moderate Industrial **22 years**
  - Heavy Industrial **16 Years**
- 

# Other Zinc Coatings

Metallized  
Hot-Dip  
Galvanized

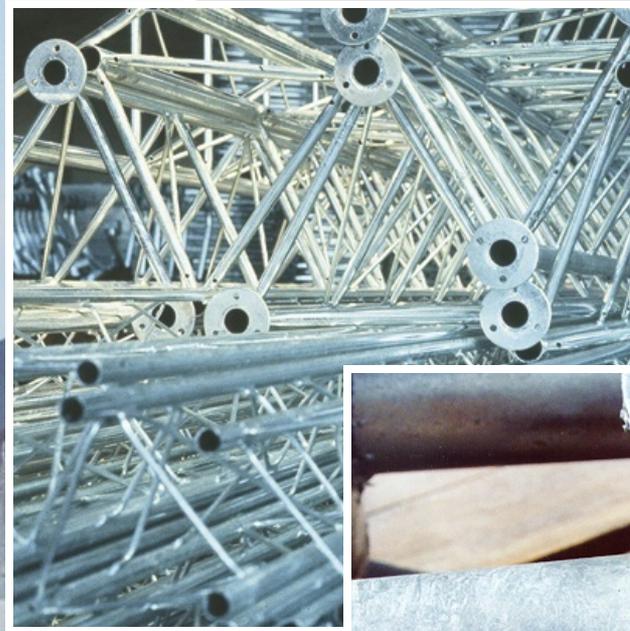
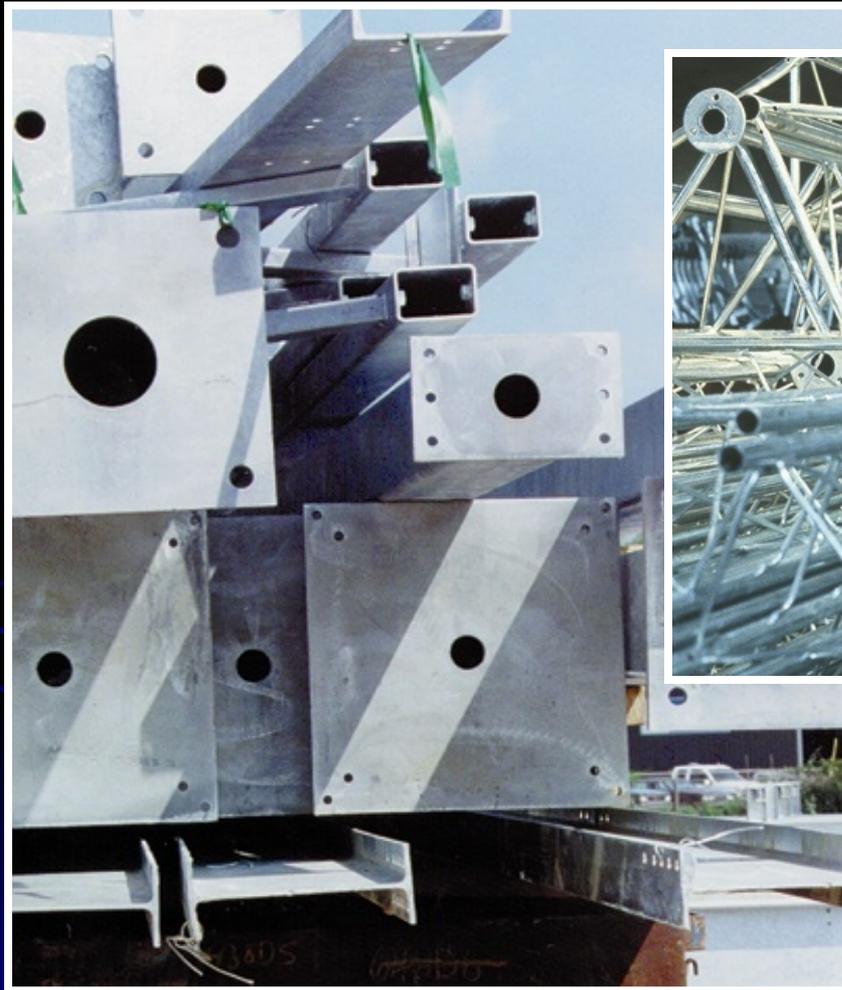


ized  
Electroplated

1 mil



# Design & Fabrication

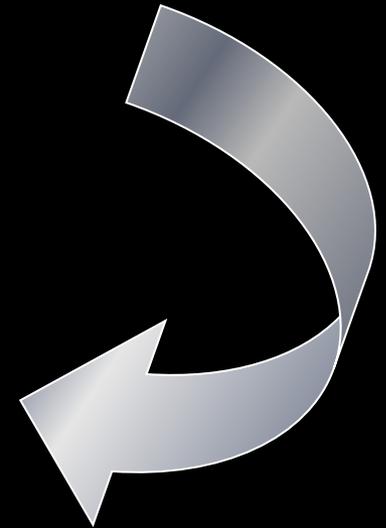
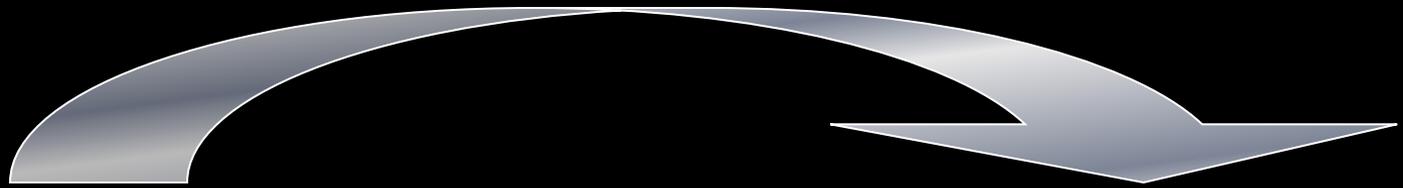


# Liaison Between...

Design  
Engineer

Fabricator

Galvanizer



# Galvanizing Oversized Pieces





09.19.2006



26<sup>th</sup> Street & the Dan Ryan



# Standards & Inspection



# ASTM A 123



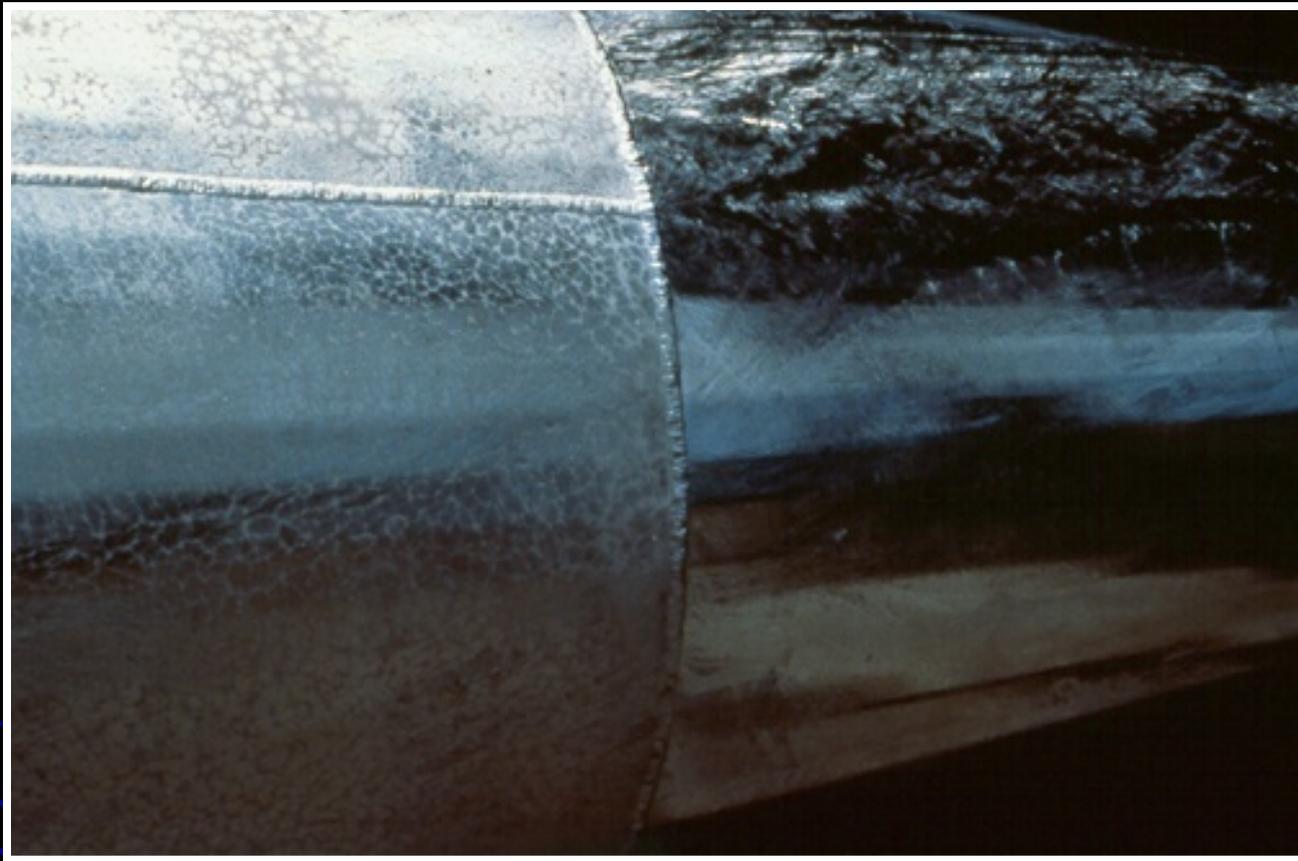
**Coatings on Iron &  
Steel Products**

# *ASTM A 153*



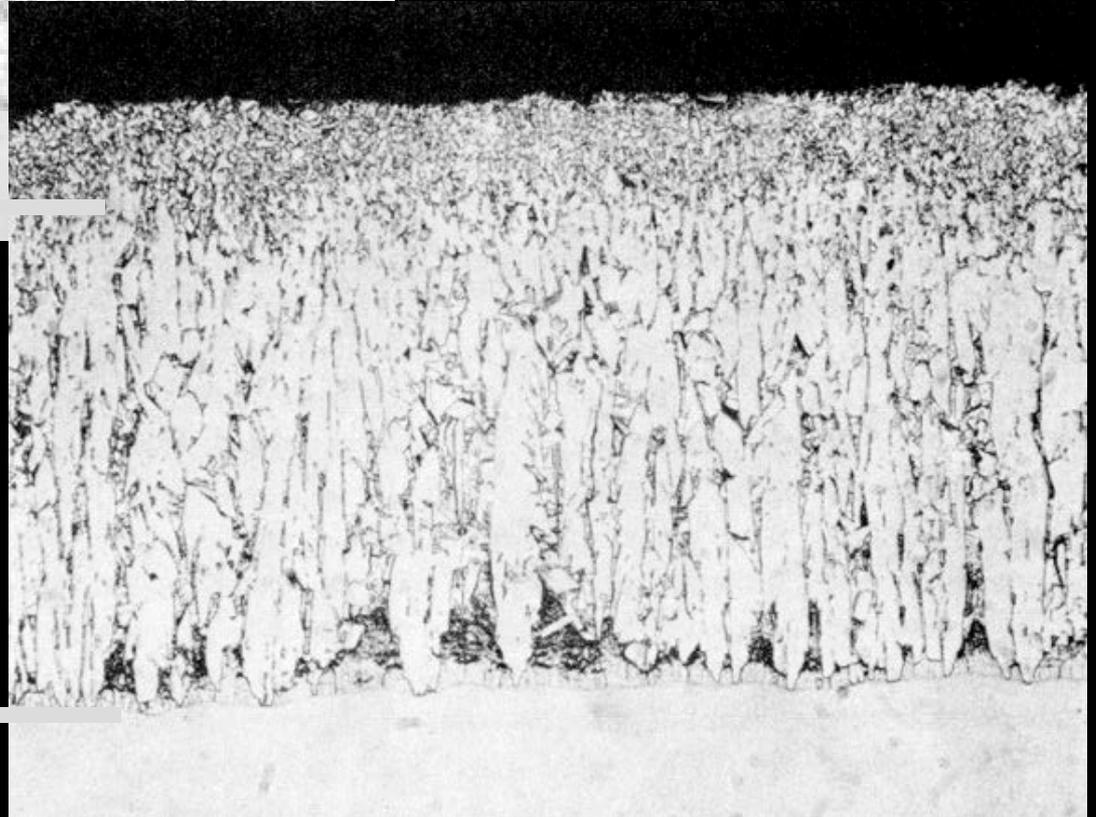
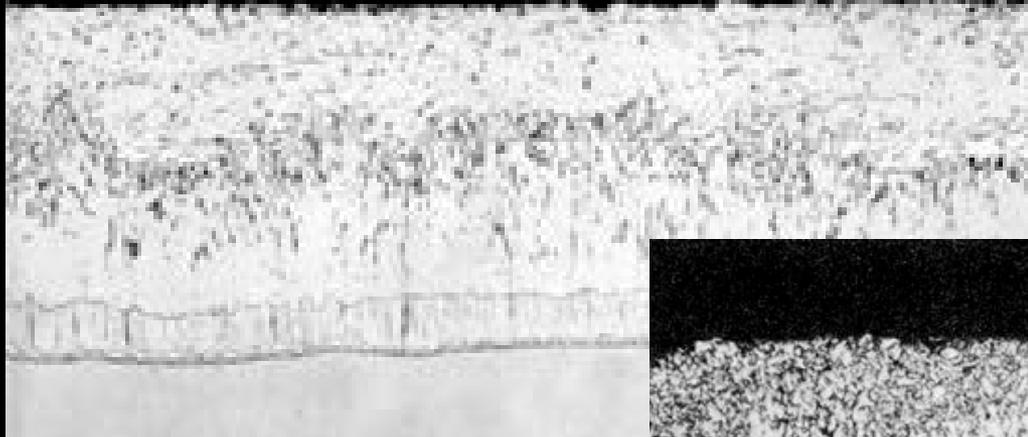
**Coatings on Iron &  
Steel Hardware**

# *ASTM A 385*

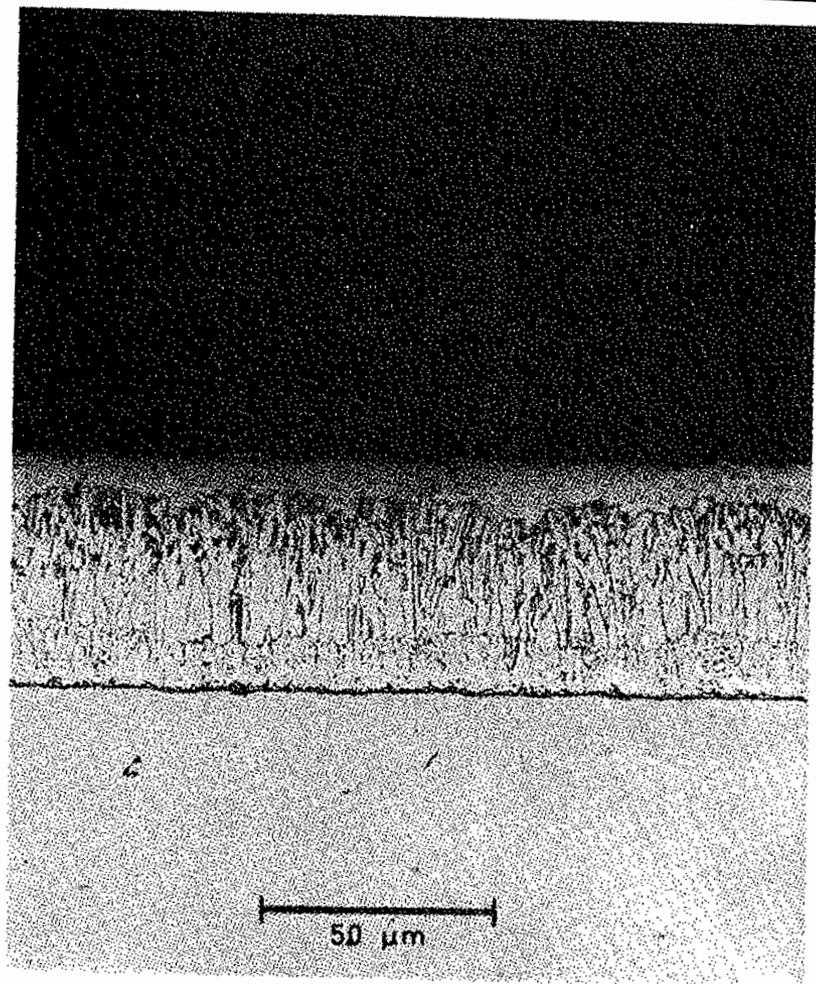


**Providing High-Quality  
Zinc Coatings**

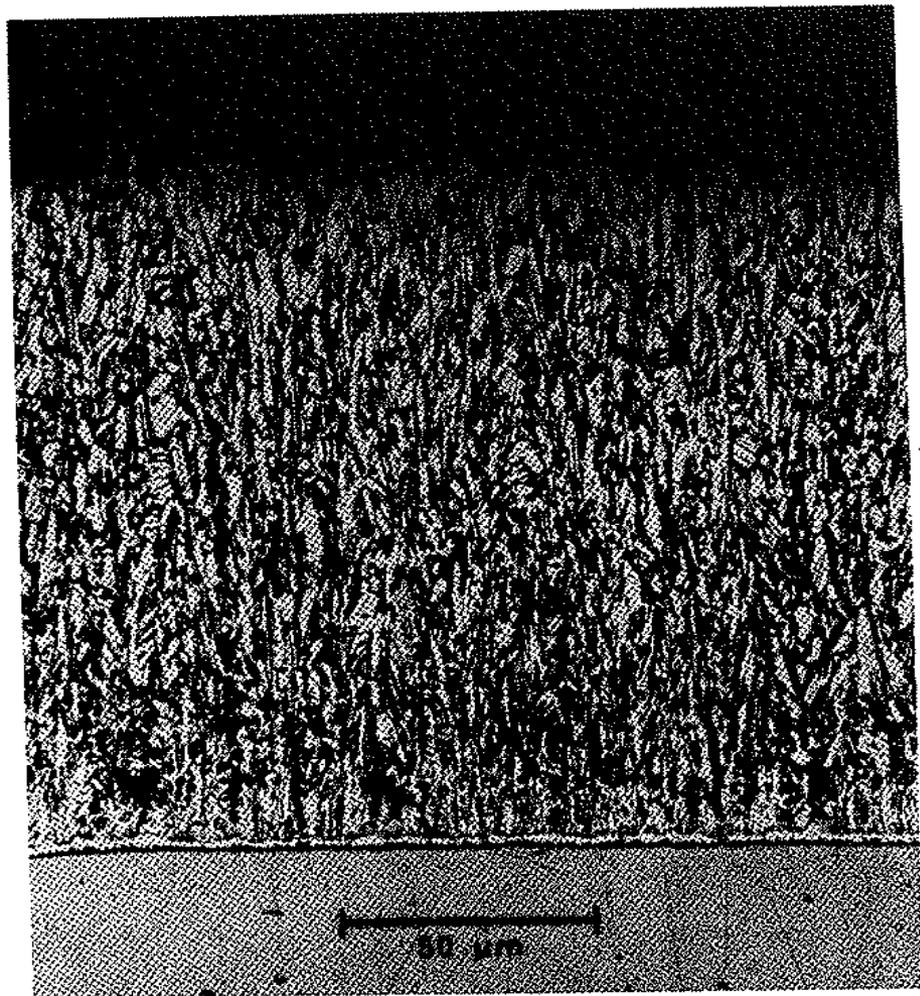
# Typical Zinc-Iron Alloy Layers



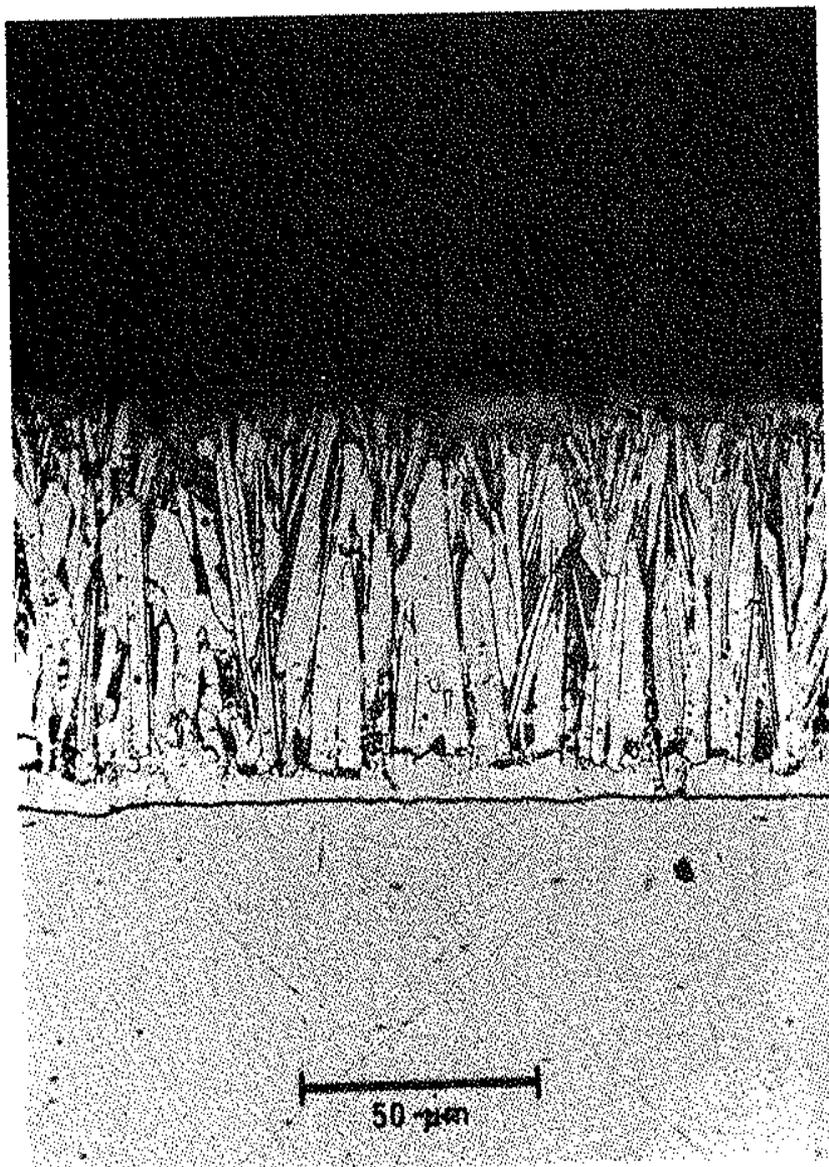
Irregular  
Zinc-Iron  
Alloy Layers



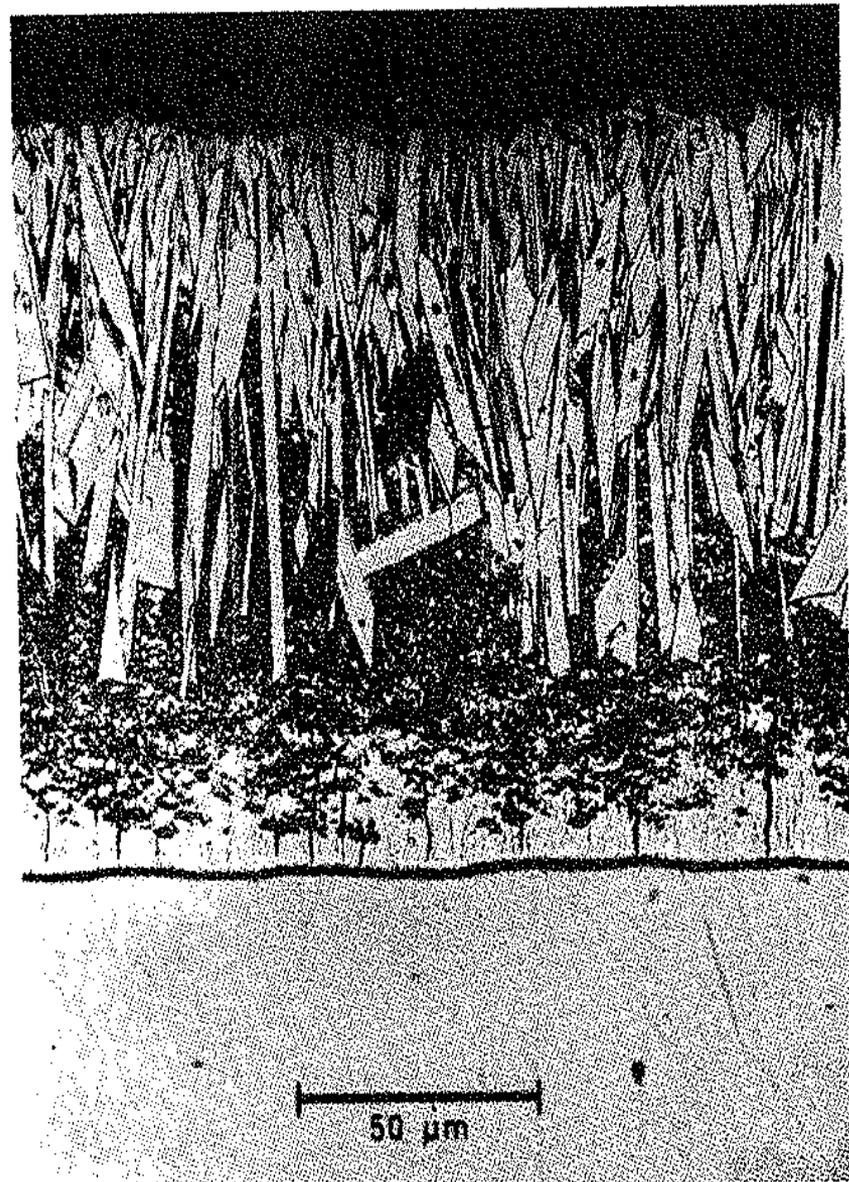
0.3% Si



10% Si



.24% Si



.44% Si

# Steel Composition

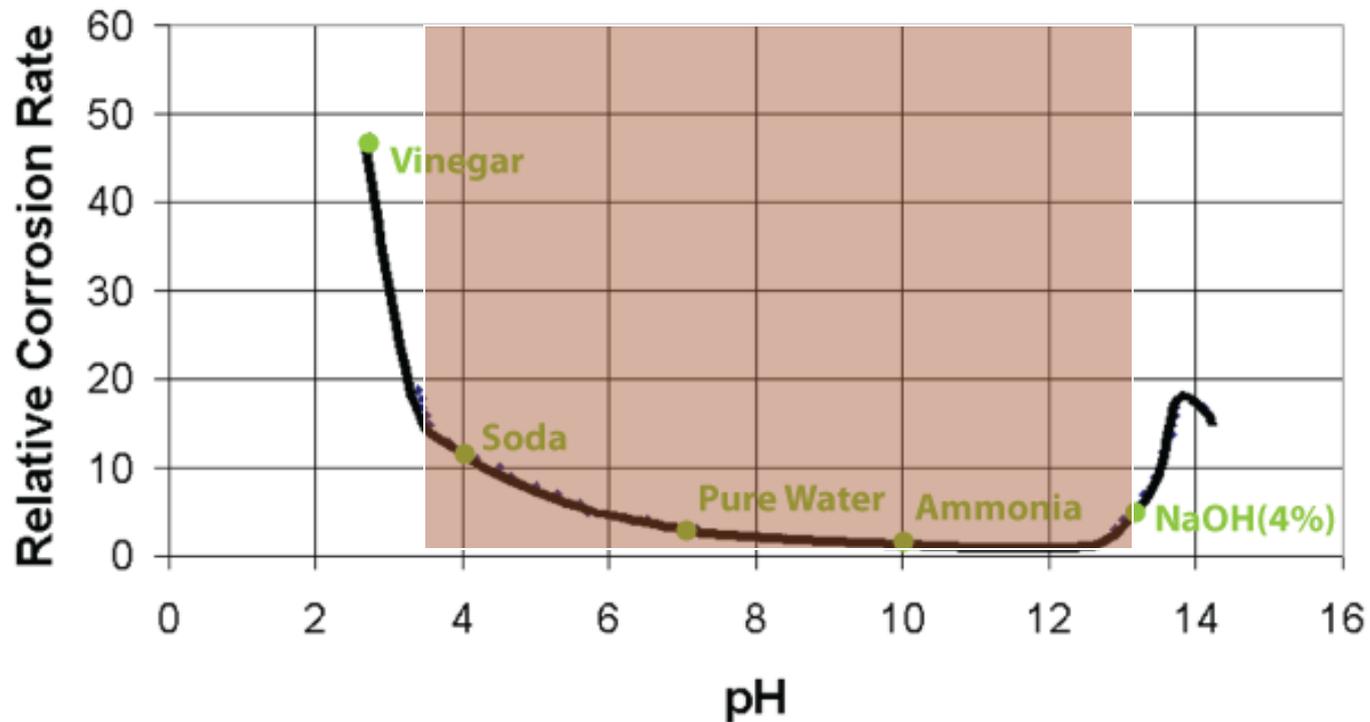


# Reactive Pipe

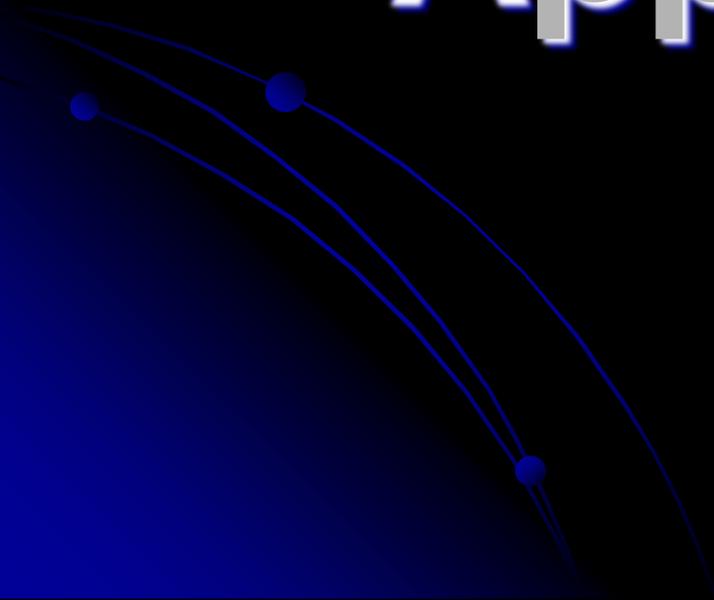


# Electrochemical Corrosion Zone

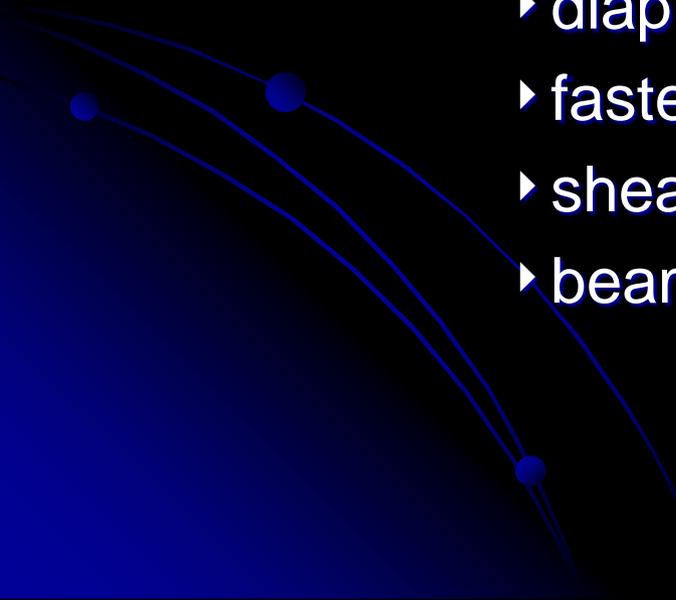
## Corrosion Rate of Zinc vs. pH



# Real-world Applications

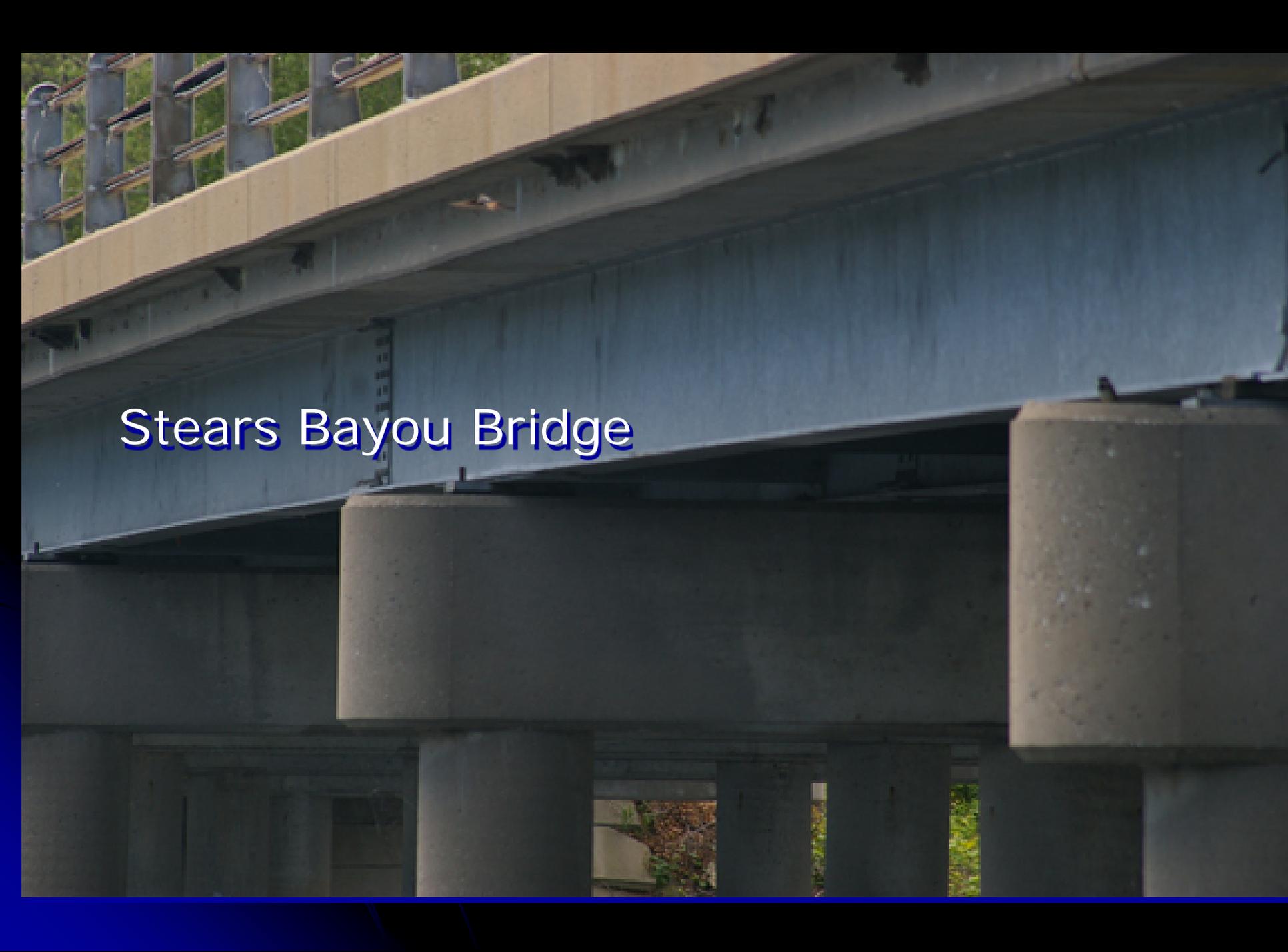


# Stearns Bayou Bridge

- First fully galvanized bridge in the US
  - Built in Michigan 1966
  - All steel components were galvanized
    - ▶ handrail
    - ▶ diaphragms
    - ▶ fasteners
    - ▶ shear connectors
    - ▶ beams
- 

# The Sterns Bayou Bridge



A photograph of the Stears Bayou Bridge, showing its concrete structure and support pillars. The bridge is a multi-level concrete structure with a prominent horizontal beam and several vertical support pillars. The image is taken from a low angle, looking up at the bridge. The text "Stears Bayou Bridge" is overlaid in the center-left of the image.

# Stears Bayou Bridge

# Stearns Bayou Bridge

MANAGER — WM.

— 1966 —

# Stearns Bayou Bridge



# Sterns Bayou Bridge





Fischer®

HV/1a mils

2.94

Thickness  
n= 96

DEL

ON/OFF



# Sterns Bayou Bridge



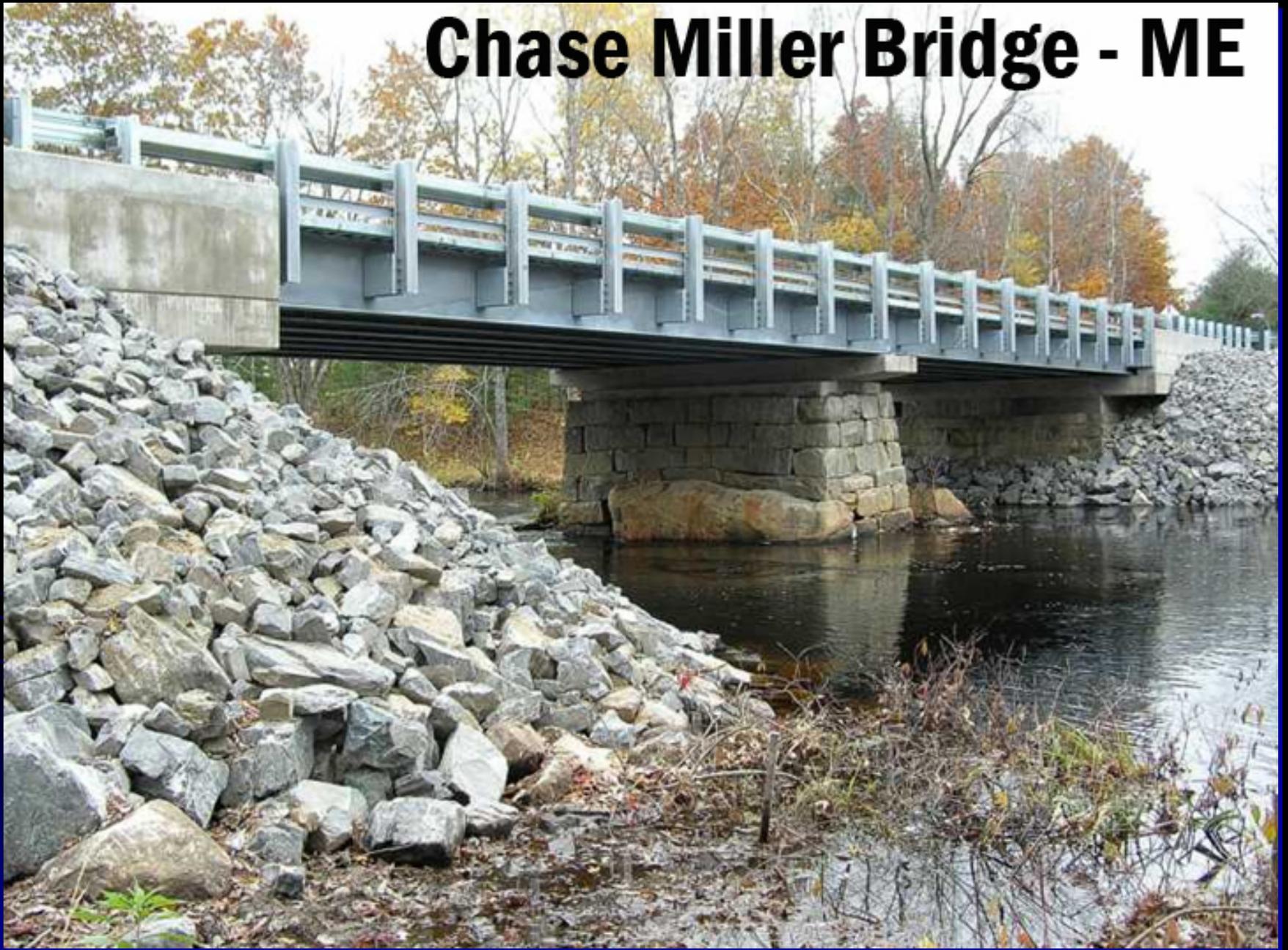
# Dick Vale Bridge Peru, ME





Montgomery County - Maryland

# Chase Miller Bridge - ME





Fallowfield Township – Washington County PA



Bryants Bridge – Saratoga County N. Y.

# Corrosion Protection

I69 over East 82<sup>nd</sup> Street,  
Castleton, IN



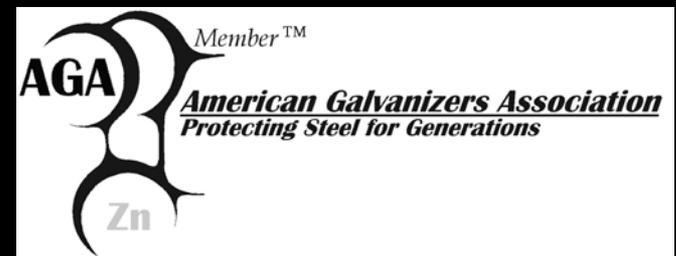
# Questions ?



# GalvanizeIt!

Thank You!

Kevin Irving  
Central Marketing Manager  
[kevinirving@azzgalv.com](mailto:kevinirving@azzgalv.com)  
815-693-4242



# MUSKINGUM COUNTY ENGINEER'S OFFICE ZANESVILLE, OHIO



## BOGGS ROAD BRIDGE REPLACEMENT STEEL VS. CONCRETE

### Material Costs Steel:

1. Bolt Together Steel Structure	\$26,016
2. Decking (1.5C – 18 ga. Decking)	\$2,223
3. Shear Studs	\$1,680
4. Bridge Railing and Guard Rail	\$14,590
5. Reinforcing Steel	\$7,490
6. Concrete /Forms (180.5 CYs)	\$27,026
7. Asphalt Repair	<u>\$11,500</u>
Subtotal	\$90,524

### Labor and Equipment Costs:

1. Labor (21 days)	\$19,562
2. Equipment	<u>\$21,679</u>
Grand Total =	\$131,765

### Material Costs Concrete:

1. Concrete Box Beams (6 Beams)	\$59,400
2. Bridge Railing and Guard Rail	\$11,500
3. Reinforcing Steel	\$5,000
4. Concrete/Forms (160 CYs)	\$24,000
5. Asphalt Repair	\$11,500
6. Crane Rental	<u>\$2,500</u>
Subtotal	\$113,900

### Labor and Equipment Costs:

1. Labor (18 days)	\$14,757
2. Equipment	<u>\$21,679</u>
Grand Total =	\$150,336

Difference Between HDG Steel Beams and Concrete Box  
Beams ~ \$18,571

# ASTM A 780



Zinc-Based Alloys



Zinc Dust Paint



Metallizing

**Repair of Damaged & Uncoated  
Areas of Hot-Dip  
Galvanized Coatings**

# Painting Over Galvanized Steel



# ***ASTM D 6386***

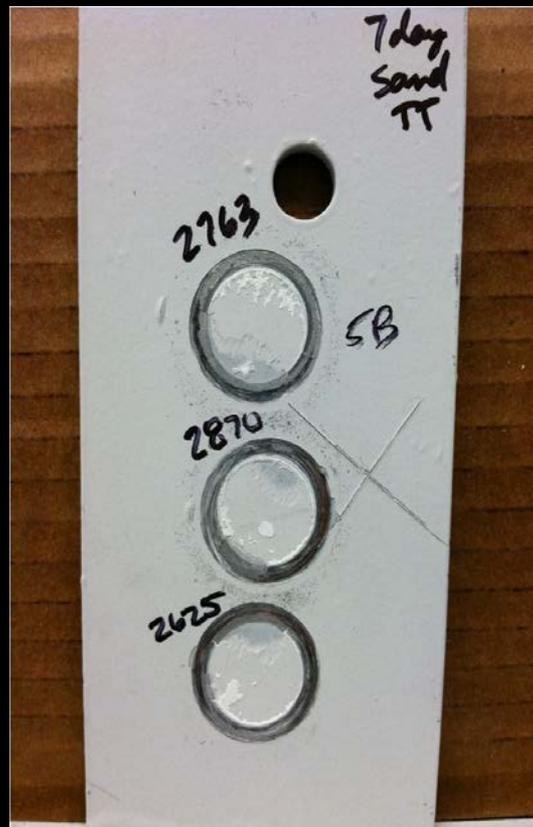


**Standard Practice for Preparation of Zinc  
(Hot-Dip) Galvanized Coated Iron &  
Steel Product & Hardware Surfaces  
for Painting**

# Stark County – Pro Football Hall of Fame Bridge



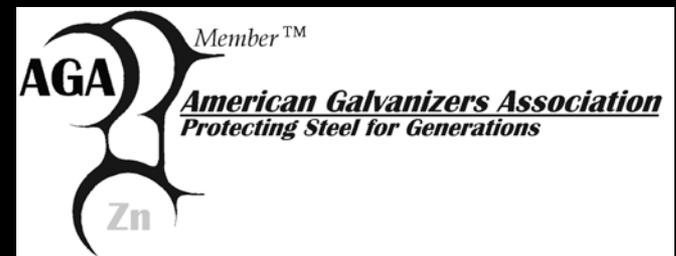
# Adhesion of Coatings to Galvanizing



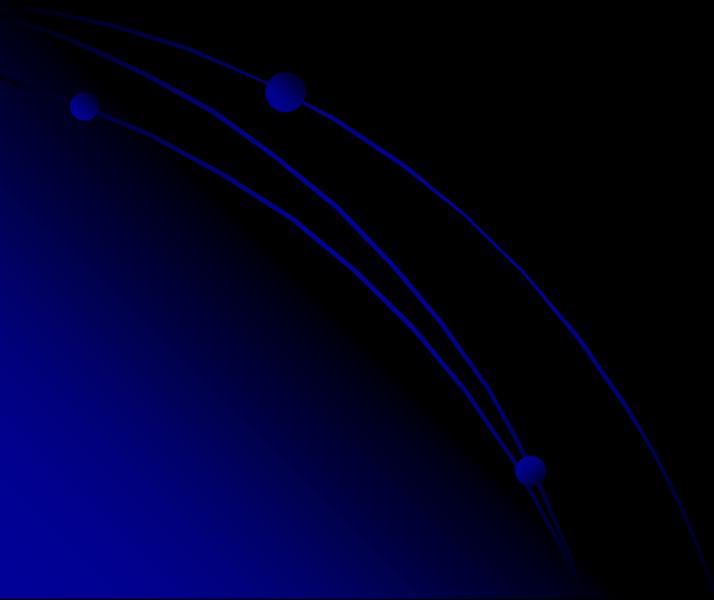
# GalvanizeIt!

Thank You!

Kevin Irving  
Central Marketing Manager  
[kevinirving@azzgalv.com](mailto:kevinirving@azzgalv.com)  
815-693-4242



# Hot-Dip Galvanizing Costs Less Lasts Longer



# The Cost of Corrosion Protection

- Initial cost will always factor into decision
- Life-cycle cost analysis is more complete
  - Includes all future maintenance costs
  - Provides total cost of the project over its life
- Life-cycle cost calculation automated online at  
[www.galvanizeit.org/galvanizingcost/](http://www.galvanizeit.org/galvanizingcost/)



# Quantitative Analysis

- Data Sources:

- Paint – 2008 KTA Tator paper
  - Nationwide survey of the paint industry
  - Presented at NACE 2009
- Galvanizing – 2008 AGA Industry Survey

- Project Parameters

- Standard mix of steel (structural, tubing, plate)
- 30,000 ft<sup>2</sup> project
- Moderately industrial environment

# Initial Cost Parameters

- Paint

- Material (one- or two-pack product, number of coats, etc)
- Shop cleaning labor
- Shop/field application
- Field labor

- Galvanizing

- Process is inclusive of all cleaning, material, and labor



# Initial Cost

Inorganic Zinc	\$1.35	\$40,410
<b>Hot-Dip Galvanizing</b>	<b>\$1.60</b>	<b>48,000</b>
Inorganic Zinc/Epoxy	\$2.16	\$64,800
Acrylic WB Primer/ Acrylic WB Intermediate/ Acrylic WB Topcoat	\$2.55	\$76,620
Inorganic Zinc Primer/ Epoxy/ Polyurethane Topcoat	\$3.17	\$94,950

# Life-Cycle Cost

- Maintenance costs calculated on a practical maintenance cycle (vs. ideal)
  - Unique to each paint system
  - Manufacturer recommended cycles provided in the KTA Tator paper
- NACE model for NFV and NPV calculations
  - 2% inflation; 4% interest
- 60-year life
- Maintenance repaint at 5% rust

# Life-Cycle Cost (\$/ft<sup>2</sup>) 60-Year Life

Hot-Dip Galvanizing	\$1.60
Inorganic Zinc	\$5.16
Inorganic Zinc/Epoxy	\$8.07
Inorganic Zinc Primer/Epoxy Intermediate/ Polyurethane Topcoat	\$10.04
Acrylic WB Primer/ Acrylic WB Intermediate/ Acrylic WB Topcoat	\$14.82

# Total Cost of 60-Year Project

Hot-Dip Galvanizing	\$48,000
Inorganic Zinc	\$154,800
Inorganic Zinc/Epoxy	\$242,100
Inorganic Zinc Primer/ Epoxy/ Polyurethane	\$301,200
Acrylic WB Primer/ Acrylic WB Intermediate/ Acrylic WB Topcoat	\$444,600

# GalvanizeIt!

Thank You!

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